

The Massillon Independent.

VOL. XXIII--NO. 40.

MASSILLON, OHIO, MARCH 26, 1886.

WHOLE NO. 1,184

Massillon Independent.

(ESTABLISHED IN 1863.)

C. E. TAYLOR, - - - Proprietor

O. W. THOMAS, - - - Editor

Office 2d floor, Room No. 8, Opera Block.

Terms of Subscription:

One Year, in Advance, \$1.50

Six Months, " " .90

Three Months, " " .50

Job Printing.

Our facilities for doing Job Work are complete.

We have three steam presses and all the new

styles of type. We shall keep up to the art by

constantly increasing our stock, and shall at all

times be ready to execute anything from a visit

ing card to a mammoth poster, at short notice and

at fair prices.

Business Directory.

ATTORNEYS.

R. W. McCaughy, Attorney at Law, office

over Diehl's Arcade Store, Erie street,

Massillon, Ohio.

COLE & REINEHIL, Attorneys at Law and

Notaries Public, office over Jark's Store,

Erie street, Massillon, Ohio.

WILLISON & GARRETT, Attorneys-at-Law,

Rooms Nos. 11 and 11 1/2, Opera Block.

R. H. FOLGER, Attorney at Law, Sibley's block

at Erie street, Massillon, O. Will attend to

all business entrusted to his care in the Federal

Court, Southern District of Ohio and Stark and

adjoining counties.

WILLIAM McILLAN, Attorney at Law, in

H. Beatty's block, in the rooms formerly

occupied by R. H. Folger.

R. A. PINN, Attorney at Law and Notary Public,

110, Erie street, in Bamberlin's Block, Erie

street.

ISAAC ULMAN, Attorney at Law, Massillon,

Ohio. Office No. 16, East Main street, up

stairs. Business entrusted to his care in this and

adjoining counties, and in the U. S. Courts will

receive prompt attention.

BANKS.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Massillon, Ohio.

J. E. McLean, President, J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Erie street, Massil-

lon, Ohio. \$250,000 Capital, S. Hunt, Pres-

ident, C. Blesse, Cashier.

CIGAR MANUFACTURERS.

PETER MILLER, manufacturer and wholesale

cigar dealer, Factory corner Erie and Frem-

ont streets.

PHIL BLUMENSCHNEIDER, wholesale and retail

dealer in cigars, Factory and store room

No. 53 West Main street.

DRUGGISTS.

ARTHUR FISHER & CO., Druggists and

Chemists, 100, Erie street, carefully com-

pounded. No. 9, South Erie street.

Z. T. BALTZLY, dealer in Drugs, Medicines,

and Chemicals, Perfumery and Fancy arti-

cles, Stationery and Blank Books, Opera House,

Massillon, Ohio.

DENTISTS.

D. W. JEFFRIES, Dentist, Beatty's Block,

6th Main street. Teeth inserted on hard rub-

ber plate. Filling also attended to.

E. CHIDESTER, Dentist, over Humberger &

Son's store. Nitrous oxide gas adminis-

tered for painless extraction of teeth.

DRY GOODS.

WATKINS BROS., Dry Goods, Notions, Etc.,

No. 20, East Main street.

THE MASSILLON BEE HIVE CASH STORE,

Special departments: Domestic Dry Goods,

Silks and Fancy Goods, Notions and Hosiery,

Carpet and Oil Cloths and Merchant Tailoring,

Almanac, Putnam & Lehigh, Proprietors.

R. E. BIRD'S DRY GOODS STORE, Massillon, Ohio.

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods.

HUMBERGER & SON, Dealers in General Dry

Goods, Notions, Fancy Goods, etc. No. 8

East Main street.

FURNITURE.

JAMES A. HACKETT, Furniture Dealer, Wall

paper, Curtains, etc., No. 16, West Main st.

JOHN H. OGDEN, Furniture Dealer and Un-

derwerker, No. 23 West Main street.

GROCERIES.

DATWATER & SON, Established in 1832. For-

warding Store, Commission Merchants, and

dealers in all kinds of Country Produce. Ware-

house in Atwater's Block, Exchange street.

ALBRIGHT & CO., Cash Grocery and Provi-

sion Dealers, Queensware, etc., No. 25 East

Main street. Goods delivered free of charge.

HARDWARE.

S. A. CONRAD & CO., Dealers in Foreign and

Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

JEWELERS.

JOSEPH COLEMAN, dealer in Watches, Clocks,

Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc.

No. 5 South Erie street.

F. VON KANEL, West Side Jeweler, No. 5

West Main street.

PHYSICIANS.

H. B. GARRIGUS, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon,

Office hours, 8:30 to 10:30 A. M.

2 P. M. to 5 P. M.

7 P. M. to 9 P. M.

Office in H. Beatty's block, formerly occupied

by Dr. Barriker. Near corner of Main and Erie

streets. Residence 211 East Main street.

H. C. FOYER, M. D.

SURGEON.

Office hours: 7 A. M. to 9:30 A. M.

12 M. to 2 P. M.

5 P. M. to 7 P. M.

Office and Residence 100 E. Main St., Massillon, O.

D. R. W. H. KIRKLAND, Homoeopathic Prac-

titioner, Office No. 53 East Main street, Mas-

sillon, Ohio. Office hours, 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and

to 7 p. m. Office open day and night.

TINNERS.

HENRY F. OEHLE, dealer in Stoves, Tin-

ware, House Furnishing Goods, etc. No. 14

West Main street.

MANUFACTORIES.

MILLER CONTRACTING AND BUILD-

ING CO., Manufacturers of Doors, Sash

Blinds, Mouldings, etc.

H. S. SNYDER & CO., manufacturers of Nov-

els and Stoves, Engines, Mills and Min-

ing Machinery. Works on South Erie street.

RUSSELL & CO., manufacturers of Thresh-

ing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and

Tractor Engines, Horse Powers, Saw Mills, &c.

MASSILLON ROLLING MILL, Joseph Corn-

ings, Proprietors, manufacturers of a su-

perior quality of Merchant Bar and Blacksmith

iron.

MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY, manufac-

tures Green Glass Hollow Ware, Beer

Bottles, Planks, &c.

MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE COMPANY

Manufacturers of Bridges, Roof and other

Iron Structures.

Massillon Railroad Time.

P. F. W. & C. R. R.

GOING WEST.

R. R. Time. City Time.

8:12 A. M. 10:00

10:21 " 12:30 P. M.

1:53 P. M. 2:30 P. M.

5:18 " 6:53

7:41 " 9:16

GOING EAST.

1:12 P. M. 1:47 P. M.

12:11 A. Night 12:35

2:49 A. M. 3:24 P. M.

9:07 A. M. 9:42 A. M.

12:30 " 1:05

W. & L. E. R. R.

New standard, 30th Meridian time.

Going North. Going South.

No. 2. 7:50 a. m. No. 1. 9:55 a. m.

4. 8:57 p. m. 5. 7:10 p. m.

6. 7:10 " 8. 6:00 a. m.

24. 1:00 a. m. 17. 11:10 a. m.

W. & L. E. R. R.

Going South. Going North.

No. 5. 1:12 p. m. No. 4. 8:12 a. m.

7. 5:50 a. m. 8. 12:35 p. m.

9. 6:40 p. m. 8. 8:37 p. m.

DIRECTORY.

CITY OFFICIALS.

Mayor—S. C. Bowman.

Clerk—Jos. R. White.

Solicitor—E. G. Willson.

Marshal—Adrian Wendling.

Engineer—D. A. Miller.

Treasurer—J. W. Foltz.

Council—1st Ward, George Snyder, Peter

Sailer, 2d Ward, Henry Huber, Wm. Overton, 3d

Ward, H. A. Williams, Robert Reay, 4th Ward,

Geo. Kink, George Bulech.

Warwick, W. B. Humberger, Dr. T. C. Miller, W. H.

Justus and Henry Huber.

TOWNSHIP.

Trustees—C. N. Oberlin, Andrew Smith and

Abel James.

Clerk—Louis A. Koons.

Treasurer—Martin Schafer.

Justices of the Peace—Thomas Blackburn, Jo-

shiah Frantz and R. H. Folger.

SOCIETIES.

Clinton Lodge, No. 47, meets in Masonic Hall,

Mill street, second and last Monday of each

month. W. S. Rogers, Sec'y.

Hiram Chapter, No. 18, meets in Masonic Hall,

first Tuesday of each month. Z. T. Baltzly,

Sec'y.

Massillon Commandery, No. 4 K. T., meets in

Masonic Hall, second Thursday of each month.

John A. Shoemaker, Recorder.

ODD FELLOWS.

Sipho Lodge, No. 48, meets in Odd Fellows Hall

corner of Main and Mill streets, every Monday

evening. Chas. Higginbotham, Sec'y.

Massillon Lodge, No. 484, (German) meets every

Wednesday evening, in Odd Fellow Hall, corner

of Main and Erie streets. John Kopp, Sec'y.

Buckeye Encampment, No. 24, meets first and

third Fridays of each month, in Odd Fellows Hall,

corner of Main and Mill streets. H. Huber, Scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Perry Lodge, No. 87, meets every Thursday evening

in Beatty's Block, Main street.

ANCIENT ORDS OF UNITED WORKMEN.

Trustees Lodge, No. 24, meets every Tuesday

evening, in hall over Union National Bank.

G. A. R.

Hart Post No. 134 meets in K. P. Hall, on second

and fourth Friday of each month. John Ellis, Adj't.

S. O. F.

Daniel Ritter Camp No. 21, meet every first and

third Friday of each month in K. P. hall.

Chas. G. King, Oratorical Sec'y.

DAUGHTERS OF VETERANS.

The Massillon Daughters of Veterans meet in

K. P. Hall, on second and fourth Saturday after-

noons of each month. Miss Daisy Roof, Sec'y.

PATRONS OF HUSBANDRY.

Perry Grange No. 694, meets first and third Sat-

urday evenings at 7 o'clock in Walker's

Hall, Main street. Mrs. S. O. Eggert, Sec'y.

THE NATIONAL UNION.

Massillon Council of the National Union meets

on the 1st and 3d Monday of each month in the

A. O. U. W. Hall.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Unitarian, between Plum

and North. Preaching every Lord's Day at 10 1/2

a. m. and 7 1/2 p. m. Sunday School at 9:30 a. m.

Rev J. E. Mann, Pastor.

Massillon Independent.

C. E. TAYLOR, - - PROPRIETOR

THE R. R. STRIKE.

An Attempt to Start a Train at Se-

delia Prevented by Misplaced

Rails.

Several Cars Thrown From The

Track and a Number of Per-

sons Injured.

St. Louis, Mo., March 24.—The

strike at St. Louis is apparently as far

from a settlement as ever, and it is

generally admitted that the tempo-

rarily adjourned Gov. Martin of Mis-

souri and Gov. Martin of Kansas has

proved a complete failure. The out-

look is very serious. A number of the

executive committee of the Knights of

Labor said this morning:

"The worst is yet to come. I dread it,

but there is no help for it. If we were

to submit now and return to work

without having been recognized as

Knights of Labor it would be a defeat

not only for us but also for the labor

unions, the trades assemblies, and for

every labor organization in the whole

country. We feel that the issue must

be met, and now. The present con-

flict is between us and the railroads

only. We will wait three or four days

in the hope that some way toward a

settlement may be opened, and then, if

the situation remains unchanged, every

freight train on every road running

out of St. Louis and every freight

train on every road running out of Chi-

cago will be stopped. We will leave a

small local force of men upon the roads

</

The Ever-green Pine.

Oh, a valiant tree is the ever-green pine,
That grows on the hill's steep side;
Not a leaf does it feel of the wind or the storm,
As it stands like a king in its pride.

The lightning may flash 'round its tall waving crest,
And the wind may mad its branches rave;
But it stands in its strength like a lion at bay,
Or a hero who'll never be a slave.

Oh, a sorrowful tree is the ever-green pine
That grows in the sweet smiling vale,
It murmurs forever a low, plaintive song
That resembles a lover's wail.

It stretches its strong, shady branches abroad
And it sighs to the flowers below;
And it tells of the sorrow-crooning its heart
To the breezes that meekly blow.

Oh, a beautiful tree is the ever-green pine
That grows on the hill's steep side;
It shelters the woodbird, gives shade to the deer,
And makes cheerful our house, far and wide.

Then honored and loved be the ever-green pine,
That grows on the hill's steep side;
And cheer'd by its song be the sorrowful tree
That sighs in the sweet smiling vale.

—M. J. Riordan.

SUMMERVILLE.

"Oh, Teddy, can't you get any more apples than this? I'm sure I could if I were only up there," cried the girl standing with up-turned face under an old apple tree, from which a small boy was trying in vain to gather a few apples.

"I know you could. Do come up, Lew. There is no one here to see, and I won't tell."

"Why, Teddy Chesleigh! I am eighteen years old," with indignant emphasis.

"Well, I didn't suppose you'd do it. But there is a bunch of daisies right near the fence. You might reach that."

"I will," she replies, after a moment's hesitation. "Here goes," and looking around to assure herself that no one was within sight, she tossed down her hat and mounts with nimble steps the rocky old fence, catching the branch, heavily laden with delicious fruit.

"Oh, Teddy, they are elegant!" she exclaimed, with a gray little laugh, disclosing a row of white, even little teeth.

She makes a perfect picture there, her uplifted arms forming a frame for the bright, laughing face with its crown of bonnie brown hair, which the wind blows recklessly about, and her slender figure, in a close-fitting dress of soft, clinging gray, standing out in bold relief against the blue sky, while the wind throwing the dress aside, shows a pretty little foot and a slender little ankle.

"Cutting the branch lightly in both little brown hands, she gave a vigorous shake, when looking down to note the result of her shaking, she sees, much to her horror, a young gentleman, equipped for hunting, standing not far off, whom she immediately recognizes as one whom she had met during the past winter at Albany.

With a little gasp she turns her crimson face up to her brother with a reproachful glance, but, undisturbed by her indignant looks, the shameless youngster sits grinning in the tree apparently enjoying the situation immensely.

The gentleman turns toward the more friendly face and addresses a few remarks to him about the apples, thus giving Lew an opportunity for descending from her exalted position.

When she is again on the ground, she tries in vain to smooth her hair, which is blowing in dire confusion all over her face. The gentleman now raises his hunting-cup and smilingly offers his hand, saying, "Miss Chesleigh, I believe."

"Yes," she answers, her face bright with blushes, as she hesitatingly holds out a little, tanned hand. "Am I not speaking to Mr. Delmarre?"

"At your service, I must beg pardon, Miss Chesleigh, for my untimely intrusion," with a smile still lurking in his dark eyes as he looks at the still-confused maiden.

"I grant it, but I wish to assure you that I do not do such undignified things often, but the fruit did look so tempting."

"Let me congratulate you on your success," glancing at the goodly number which lay on the ground. "I used to be quite an expert in such matters, and have come into this country to renew my skill, and as a beginning have started out to hunt, but awkwardly broke my gun at the first attempt to use it."

Then Lew calls to Teddy, who is gathering up the apples, and adjusts her hat.

"Come, Teddy, it is getting late, and auntie will be worried about us. Besides it is tea time." Then she says to Mr. Delmarre: "I must say good-by for to-day, but if you spend the summer here we will be such near neighbors that we shall probably see each other often."

"Allow me to walk with you, as I go this way and am beginning to think it is supper time, also." Then, as silence gives consent, he walks on with them, helping Teddy carry the fruit.

The conversation is carried on chiefly by Teddy and Philip during their short walk, for Lew has not yet quite regained her composure.

When they reach home and Mr. Delmarre has left them Teddy receives a severe scolding, but, as usual, proves invulnerable. But Lew succeeds in extorting a promise that he will never, never tell. For she knows her Aunt Mary, a sedate spinster of uncertain age, who has presided over the household since the death of their mother, would be utterly shocked.

Her father is a middle-aged gentleman, almost too indulgent at times to his motherless children. He seldom goes away from his farm, but Lew spends several months of each winter with her fashionable cousins in Albany, where she had met Mr. Delmarre.

Adjoining the Chesleigh farm is the land of "old John Delmarre," as he is generally called, a crusty old bachelor, whom none of his neighbors knew except by sight. He is the uncle of Phil Delmarre, who is the old man's favorite, and as we have said he had come to spend the summer months with his uncle.

The summer months passed quickly by, and Phil, in spite of all the beautiful women he had seen, and women, too, who had bestowed on him their choicest smiles, felt desperately in love with this little maiden, whose indifference

ence to all his attentions only made her more charming and desirable in his eyes.

So it was not strange that one day while on one of their numerous excursions, and while Teddy had gone farther down the river to fish, he should take this most excellent opportunity of making Lew acquainted with his great love for her, and offer her his heart and hand.

Lew, taken by surprise, replies, in the usual way, that she is sorry, but does not care enough for him to marry him, etc. Only one consolation does she give him, and that is that she loves no one else. So Phil is comforted in a degree, thinking that some day he may be able to win her love.

He leaves her there and wanders down the banks of the river, for in his great disappointment he can hardly bear to see her.

Suddenly he hears a sharp cry and his heart almost stands still, for it is Lew's voice. Can she have fallen into the water? Blaming himself for leaving her there alone and so near the water, he rushes back and sees Lew standing on the bank wringing her hands while in the water he discovered Teddy.

Without hesitation he throws off his coat and leaps into the river. He is a good swimmer, but Teddy has become unconscious and is very heavy, and it is not without difficulty he gets him to the bank.

Lew is standing perfectly motionless, but this moment has brought her to the knowledge that she loves Phil Delmarre with all her heart, and that without him her future life would be a dreary blank.

When Phil reaches the bank with the unconscious boy in his arms he carries him to his uncle's house, which is not far away.

Lew follows, silent and unremorseful, and they soon reach the place where Mr. Delmarre is enjoying his morning cigar on the porch, and as the procession neared the steps he called out to Phil in a gruff voice:

"Hello! What's up now? Looks as if you'd been near the river?"

"Yes, we've had an accident," replied Phil, still holding the boy in his arms.

Here the old housekeeper made her appearance, much to the relief of Phil, who began to give orders for her to prepare a bed for his little charge, and for once she did not wait for her master's bidding, because the distressed look on Lew's face, who was standing by, touched the heart of the old woman.

When Lew was left alone with the old gentleman she summoned all her courage and walked up to his chair and stood before him, much to his surprise, for all the neighbors had looked upon him as an ogre, and no one had ever before been known to speak to him unless it was absolutely necessary.

"Mr. Delmarre, I am very sorry that we have been obliged to intrude upon your quiet household, but it was quite unavoidable, and I can only hope our stay will be as short as possible."

She stood waiting for an answer, but received none save a deep grunt, which very nearly made her jump.

Just then Phil came out, his dripping garments being changed for a dark suit that was very becoming to him.

"You had best go to your brother," he said in polite tones, leading the way.

"Yes, but let me first endeavor to thank you for the great service you have done," but here she was interrupted by Phil.

"Let us not discuss that. I am now going for a physician. There is the room," and he hurried away. Lew and Mrs. Smith made Teddy as comfortable as possible, but when he recovered from his sleep he was delirious. When Phil and the doctor came he was in a restless sleep.

The good old doctor pronounced him too ill to be moved for a week or two, to Lew's great horror. To stay a week with that horrid old man!

None knew what the old man thought, for he kept his thoughts to himself, and sat most of the day on the porch with either a cigar or paper.

Phil next went to Teddy's aunt, but Teddy would have no one near him but Lew, so her aunt packed a few things in a valise and sent them to her.

It was not long until the whole town had heard of the accident, and one and all declared that "it was the strangest thing they had ever heard of that old John Delmarre would allow them folks at his house."

Mr. Chesleigh, Aunt Mary, and the doctor paid regular visits at the farm, and Teddy improved slowly under Lew's tender care. She seldom left his bedside, and her newly-discovered love grew stronger as she learned more of Phil's noble nature. He was the light of the house, kind to everybody, but his great kindness to Teddy would have won Lew's heart alone.

At last the day has come for Teddy's departure, and preparatory to this Lew has persuaded him to take a nap. She is sitting near the lounge, her d-d fingers busily employed in putting the finishing touches to a smoking-cap for Mr. Delmarre, Sr., whose heart she has won by making herself necessary to his comfort in a thousand little ways, such as reading his newspapers to him and making dainty dishes for his luncheon.

In the meantime her thoughts are with Mr. Delmarre, Jr., whose heart she had won long ago.

Suddenly the door opens and the object of her thoughts comes into the room. With a pretty gesture she places one finger on her lips for silence. Thinking himself unwelcome, he is slipping his way out of the room when he hears his name, "Phil," pronounced in soft, low tones.

Turning with a surprised glance he retraces his steps and comes to her side, and is still more astonished to see her piquant face bent low over her work, and covered with blushes.

"Phil," she repeats, with one swift, shy, upward glance, "do you remember that once I said I could never repay you for saving Teddy's life?" her voice trembled slightly.

"I beseech of you not to allude to that day," for he remembers another incident of that very day—one that brings painful thoughts to him.

"But I have changed my mind, and will give you a very wonderful gift, but one that you once asked for, and—ah—then breaking down and covering her face with her hands. "Oh, Phil! Don't you understand! Must I propose to

you?"

"Oh, my darling!"

But just at this juncture Teddy raises upon one elbow, and is watching these interesting proceedings with two large eyes from which all signs of sleep have fled.

"Well, Lew, I always thought you had lots of cheek, but I didn't think you'd have the gall to propose to a fellow!"

"Oh, Teddy!" cries Lew reproachfully with burning cheeks, while Phil breaks into an undignified roar, at which Lew's face grows rosier still, as she beats a hasty retreat, and rushes into the arms of old Mr. Delmarre, who, holding her tightly, marches into the room.

"What's up now?" he exclaims with a smile that has become quite common to him during Lew's stay.

When Phil's explanation is given he says to Lew:

"So I'm not to lose you after all? I had quite decided to ask you to remain here, if this scamp didn't," nodding toward Phil, "for you have become quite indispensable to—the family."

Then, taking the hand of the confused girl, he placed it in Phil's and gently pushed them from the room. From there they go into the little garden.

Here we will pause for lack of space and leave our readers to imagine what took place in the garden.

Wonders of the Sea.

The sea occupies three-fifths of the surface of the earth. At the depth of about 3,500 feet, waves are not felt. The temperature is the same, varying only a trifle from the ice of the pole to the burning sun of the equator. A mile down, the water has a pressure of over a ton to the square inch. If a box six feet deep were filled with sea water and allowed to evaporate under the sun, there would be two inches of salt left on the bottom. Taking the average depth of the ocean to be three miles, there would be a layer of pure salt 230 feet thick on the bed of the Atlantic. The water is colder at the bottom than at the surface. In the many bays on the coast of Norway, the water often freezes at the bottom before it does above.

Waves are deceptive. To look at them in a storm, one would think the water traveled. The water stays in the same place, but the motion goes on. Sometimes in storms these waves are forty feet high, and travel fifty miles an hour—more than twice as fast as the swiftest steamer. The distance from valley to valley is generally fifteen times the height, hence a wave five feet high will extend over seventy-five feet of water. The force of the sea dashing on Bell Rock is said to be seventeen tons for each square yard. Evaporation is a wonderful power in drawing the water from the sea. Every year a layer of the entire sea fourteen feet is taken up into the clouds. The winds bear their burden into the land, and the water comes down in rain upon the fields, to flow back at last through rivers. The depth of the sea presents an interesting problem. If the Atlantic were lowered 6,561 feet, the distance from shore to shore would be half as great, or 1,500 miles. If lowered a little more than three miles, say 19,680 feet, there would be a road of dry land from Newfoundland to Ireland. This is the plain on which the great Atlantic cables were laid. The Mediterranean is comparatively shallow. A drying up of 600 feet would leave three different seas, and Africa would be joined with Italy. The British Channel is more like a pond, which accounts for its choppy waves.

It has been found difficult to get correct soundings of the Atlantic. A midshipman of the navy overcame the difficulty, and shot weighing thirty pounds carries down the line. A hole is bored through the sinker, through which a rod of iron is passed, moving easily back and forth. In the end of the bar a cup is dug out, and the inside coated with lard. The bar is made fast to the line, and a sling holds the shot on. When the bar, which extends below the ball, touches the earth, the sling unhooked and the shot slides off. The lard in the end of the bar holds some of the sand, or whatever may be at the bottom, and a drop shuts over the cup to keep the water from washing the sand out. When the ground is reached, a shock is felt as if an electric current had passed through the line.—*Electrician*.

John G. Saxe's Full Hand.

Did you ever on a railroad car observe the many bits of pasteboard that are thrust out at the conductors who hesitate to punch them and hand them back with an air that seems to say: "Well, 'tis none of my business," and move on to another? That's the "pass," and a mighty useful thing it is where the shakels are not redundant and the ways are long. Lecturers, find it so especially, and Saxe—now old—once told me one of his experiences that was very amusing. He had, passes on all the railroads and steamboats in the west, he thought, but at one time he found himself on a short road not down on his chart upon which he had no ticket. As the conductor came along he took all his passes from his hand like a deck of playing cards. "Mr. Conductor," said he, "do you play euchre?" "Yes, sometimes," "Well, what should you say to a hand like that?" "I should say pass," and Saxe put up his cards as the conductor passed laughingly along.—*Boston Cor.* Hartford Post.

I have great respect for the Georgia bloodhound, even though he is not a bloodhound. I saw lately some examples of his skill in trailing men that were marvelous. But the Georgia bloodhound received a black eye this week in the matter of Tobo Jackson. This alleged dynamiter was tracked through about thirty miles of mountain and ravine by a \$2,000 bloodhound.

The sluggish, but persistent beast hung on the vanishing track through storm and darkness, relentlessly as death itself. This was very heroic. But mark the sequel. One afternoon, when the chase had flagged, the pursuers of the redoubtable Jackson saw, silhouetted against the summit of an inaccessible mountain-peak, a haughty man with a rope on his arm, followed by a very meek dog with a rope around his neck, stalking across the red sky to a quiet retreat. The man was Jackson—the dog was the \$2,000 bloodhound.—*Atlanta Constitution*.

MISSING LINKS.

Kansas City, with its suburbs, has now a population of 127,000.

A kindling wood factory at Mount Tom, Mass., turns out 10,000 bundles a day.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company employs 70,000 men, a respectable army.

A new Parisian scented soap is said to be excellent for the skin, "because made from the fat of the whale."

Mrs. Hendricks is putting her husband's papers in shape for his biographer, who is still to be selected.

President Cleveland is reported to value "And Lang Syne" and the "Mocking Bird" above all other music.

Parnell is supposed to receive more letters and answer fewer than an other conspicuous politician in public life.

A minister in Rooks County, Kansas, rides forty miles and preaches four sermons—very Sunday for a salary of \$200 a year.

Professor Baird says that a fair estimate of the annual product of the American fisheries would not fall short of \$100,000,000.

The geological formation through which the M-ray Tunnel passes is the new red sandstone rock, and has proved easy of excavation.

"Death from exposure," was the verdict recently rendered by a Helena, M. T., jury on the body of a horse thief who had been hanged by vigilantes.

Julian Hawthorne and George P. Lathrop are said to contemplate starting a family weekly in New York, which is to be without a whit of politics or religion.

There is an association in Paris whose object is to help drunkards home at night. If the patient is too far gone to give his address, the club cars for him till he can.

The Shah of Persia doesn't line aniline dyes. He is reported to have issued an order that the heads of any workmen using these dyes shall be nailed up over his workshop.

Joel Chandler Harris (Uncle Remus) is himself actually an African by birth, for he was born at Joel, on the north-east coast of Africa, while his parents were engaged in missionary labor in that country.

By the wreck of a bank in Lancaster, Mass., recently, a widow lost her whole fortune—\$2,000—whereupon an unknown person in Boston arranged to pay her \$120 annually (representing six per cent interest on her loss) as long as she lived.

The Chinese Minister in Washington is over 60 years of age. The only English gentleman the Minister can use are "How do you do?" "Good-by," and "Champagne is good." He is now, it is said, wrestling with the phrase "Set 'em up again."

P. T. Barnum's show property at Bridgeport, which is on the lot at \$100,000, has finally been exempted from taxation by the Board of Relief. "Consequently," says the *Ferris*, "the Bridgeport enterprise which shows the heaviest profits pays no tax."

Pilgrim Hall, Plymouth, has been enriched by the addition to its collection of the long, narrow, square-toed pink satin slipper that was once worn by Mrs. Susanna White, widow of William White of the Mayflower, and second wife of Gov. Edward Winslow. There is no doubt as to its authenticity.

The immense prehistoric shell heaps at Damariscotta, Me., are being dug up and shipped to Boston to be ground into dust and sold as poultry food. These deposits, which are described in Ernest Ingersoll's "Census Report on American Object of Great Interest to Antiquarians."

A man who went hunting in the wild mountainous region near Stratton, Vt., recently, was found dead after three days with his gun lodged in the crevice of the rocks, where apparently it had accidentally discharged both barrels into his body. The snow was tramped hard about his corpse by the efforts of his dog to arouse and comfort his master.

Mr. Labouchere says in *Truth*: "The best temperance drink is milk. This the Americans have discovered, and they consume it largely at their meals. Here this would be regarded as odd." I was at a hotel the other day and drank milk with my dinner; the waiters and the guests stared at me as though I were a calf. Those who find milk indigestible should put a little lime-water in it."

It is said that a New York scientist is devoting himself exclusively to the discovery of some means of making the shells of eggs transparent without injury to their membranous lining. His object is to make a study of the changes and processes by which life is developed from the ovum. From a utilitarian point of view, transparent eggs would be a desideratum for the purchaser.

There are immense deposits of borax at Soda Springs, Teals' Marsh and other points along the line of the Northern Pacific Road, and several hundred tons are each month shipped to San Francisco. An effort is also being made to produce carbonate of soda from Owens Lake, and it is hoped that will become a thriving industry. The marble quarries are also attracting much attention.

In order to settle the question as to the proper treatment of persons who have been frozen, Dr. Lapchinski has made a series of very careful experiments upon dogs. He found that, of twenty animals treated by the method of gradual resuscitation in a cold room, fourteen perished; of twenty placed at once in a warm room, eight died, while twenty put immediately into a hot bath recovered quickly and without accident.

Signor Martini, one of the largest owners of house property in the city of Genoa, had a feeling of gratitude to his tenants, who, by their regularity of payment, had enabled him to spend his declining years in comfort. When his will was opened it was discovered that the old gentleman had instructed his executors that all his tenants, rich and poor, male and female, were to reside rent free in the houses then occupied by them, if they desired to do so, as long as they lived.

At Mount Pleasant, in the potteries in Staffordshire, England, is to be found a

child whose extraordinary growth excites wonder. Little Alice, as she is humorously called, is but four years of age, yet turns the scale at 150 pounds, the circumference of her waist being no less than five feet, while her height is four feet, so that literally she is broader than she is long. She is bright, intelligent, and remarkably pretty, her head being crowned with a mass of golden hair. Her appetite is enormous.

A member of the Geological Survey says that Salt Lake will be of great value in the near future, not only on account of the common salt it will produce, but also for the sodium sulphate it contains. The latter is separated in a flocculent precipitate by the cold weather of midwinter, and annually thrown up on the shore in enormous quantities.

There are many other lakes in the far west whence an inexhaustible supply of commercial alkalies may be obtained at small cost, Mono Lake, California, alone being estimated to hold over 78,000,000 tons of sodium carbonate.

The success of the incandescent electric lamp for private carriages in Paris, as a substitute for candles and oil lamps, is pronounced complete. Not only the regular side lights are included in this plan, but the interior of the vehicle is illuminated by a lamp sufficiently powerful to read by, and in some instances a similar lamp is placed, for novelty, on the head of the horse. The lamps are connected by wires with small accumulators placed under the driver's seat; they are small in size, being only about eight inches square, and four inches high, each of such accumulators being able to supply a lamp of five-candle power for the space of six hours.

During the day they are removed and charged with electricity from a dynamo machine or otherwise, and at night they are ready for use.

"Speakin' of the rural regions," said an old chap at the end of a bar, who had trouble in raising a glass of beer to his mouth with his right arm, "I might be induced to relate a little adventure which happened to me in January."

He was earnestly advised to free his conscience of its burdens, and he continued:

"Well, I had been 'hangin' around Indianapolis for several weeks, and finally the police judge advised me to leave town. I never argy with a police judge. When they come right down to fatherly advice I accept it and get it. I left the town inside of two hours, and it didn't take me over three hours to reach a mile-post ten miles away. About 4 o'clock in the afternoon, as I was r-stin' beside the highway, a schoolma'am passed. She was a chupper little body, 'vughin' about ninety pounds, and 'nuff-faced, and when I sort o' riz up to say 'hello' she didn't have a bite to eat in her basket she uttered a womanish yip and started off on a dead run. I didn't hev my swaller-tail coat and staidin' collar on that day, and I guess she took me for a tramp.

"Now, gents, when a feller is ragged, hungry, and out o' rhino, what does he do? He makes a break, in course. I walks along for about a mile, and when I comes to a farm-house with a look of comfort about it I stops in and asks if a poor man who has lost his hull family in the great Chicago fire can get a bite to eat, to brace him up as he journeys toward the settin' sun. The motley old soul of a farmer's wife would hev set out a square meal for me, but that leetle schoolma'am was there to prevent. I heard 'em whisperin' together in the next room, and by and by the old lady came back and gived me the bounce. A tramp as has belonged to the purfess for fifteen years hadn't order fire up over such a trifle as that, but it hit me like a blow below the belt, and I determined on revenge.

"I went into the orchard and stole some apples, and then laid around to watch. I found out afore dark that the farmer was an old man, and that there was only three of 'em in the house. Long 'nuff fore the lights were out I and arranged with myself to break in. There was a chance of plunder, and I mite ded to secure that leetle schoolma'am out of a year's growth. I don't say as I would hev laid hands on her, but that very thing might hev happened, you know.

"Well, about half an hour after midnight I begins operations by creepin' up to the back door. It was shut, but not locked, and I crept in, struck a light, and found my way to the pantry. There was cold meat, pumpkin pie, and bread and butter, and it took me a good half an hour to put up. I might hev got out then, but I wanted somethin' else. There was nobody sleepin' downstairs, and after peekin' at a watch I crept up-stairs into the old folks' bedroom. They was sleepin' as sound as you please, and the moon shinin' in the window. They was sleepin' as sound as you please, and the moon shinin' in the window. They was sleepin' as sound as you please, and the moon shinin' in the window.

"I went down a bureau and got a wallet, and was searchin' the old man's pants, when I heard a step at the door, and a voice cried out: 'Surrender or I'll swoot!' It was that leetle schoolma'am. She stood in the door in her night-dress, a revolver pointed full at me, and I could see her eyes blaze. I made a rush to seize her, when 'crack!' went the revolver, and one bullet struck me in the right shoulder and another in the side. I went down as if shot through the head, and up jumps the old man and piles on to me like a ton of brick. The leetle schoolma'am went downstairs after a rope, and then helped tie me hand and foot. More'n that, she kept guard over me while the old man went off for an officer, and every time I fished a groan she had that revolver ready to shoot.

"In conclusion, gents, permit me to remark that the court give me five years for that little affair, while the pucky leetle schoolma'am received a full purse of \$200. Sometimes I've felt as if it was my dooty to hunt her up and marry her."—*New York Sun*.

The newest Paris sport is snail racing. The race course is a smooth board, at the end of which is a lighted candle, toward which the snails begin to creep when the room is darkened. There are miniature hurdles on the course and a river, and the famous racing snails are handicapped with pellets of clay.

A chemist has discovered an extract from coal tar 280 times sweeter than sugar.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

THE BEST TONIC.

This is a combination of Iron with pure vegetable food, and is a complete Cure for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, etc. It is a powerful stimulant, and a reliable remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is a powerful stimulant, and a reliable remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is a powerful stimulant, and a reliable remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

Yon Plaster

Without doubt the best porous plaster made. When applied to the back of the neck, it cures all kinds of rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, etc. It is a powerful stimulant, and a reliable remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

DR. JONES' RED CLOVER TONIC

Is the best known remedy for all blood diseases, stomach and liver troubles, pimples, constipation, bad breath, etc. It is a powerful stimulant, and a reliable remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

CRIGGS' GLYCERINE SALVE

Try this Wonder Healer.

PRICE 25 CENTS. 25 CENTS. 25 CENTS.

GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

CURES ALL HUMORS.

from a common Blotch, or Eruption, to the most Scrofulous, or Syphilitic, or Eczematous, or Scaly, or Pustular, or Ulcerated, or Fungoid, or Cancerous, or any other kind of Skin Disease, it cures them all. It is a powerful stimulant, and a reliable remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

CONSUMPTION

which is Scrofulous Disease of the Lungs, is promptly and certainly arrested and cured by this Golden Medical Discovery, if taken before the last stage of the disease is reached. From its wonderful power over the most fatal disease, when first offering this new and reliable remedy to the public, Dr. Pierce thought seriously of calling it his "Consumption Cure," but abandoned that name as too limited for a medicine which, from its curative power, is a fair claim to be made for it. It is a powerful stimulant, and a reliable remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

CHRONIC DISEASES

Liver, Blood, and Lungs.

If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have yellow color of skin, or yellowish-brown spots on face or body, frequent headache or dizziness, bad taste in mouth, internal heat or chill, alternating with hot flashes, low spirits and gloomy forebodings, irregular appetite, and coated tongue, you are suffering from Indigestion, Dyspepsia, and Liver Trouble, or "Biliousness." In many cases only part of these symptoms are experienced. As a remedy for all such cases, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has no equal.

World's Dispensary Medical Association,

Proprietors, 683 Main St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Pierce's LITTLE PINK PILLS

ANTI-BILIOUS AND CATHARTIC.

Sold by Druggists, 25 cents a box.

BRIGHAM YOUNG.

First Settlement of Mormons in Ohio—Brigham's First Marriage.

A Chardon, O., correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette writes: Learning that there were in the office of the probate judge of Geauga county some interesting facts to be obtained in regard to the early life of Brigham Young, the great Mormon, your correspondent paid that office a visit, and by the courtesy of Judge Smith was enabled to obtain the following facts, never before published. It will be remembered that the little town of Kirtland, at that time a part of Geauga county, was the first "gathering place" of the Mormons. Brigham Young was one of the earliest of them to come to Kirtland, and soon after coming to the place he met and soon married Miss Mary Ann Angel. This was his first and legal marriage. In the old records of the probate court may still be seen the original application of Brigham for the necessary license for this marriage and the certificate of the marriage by Sidney Rigdon, another prominent Mormon. By the way, this Sidney Rigdon was at one time a Baptist preacher, afterward joined the Disciples, or, as they were then called, Campbellites, and finally became a Mormon, and was among the greatest of that sect. He was at one time after he joined the Mormons, indicted for solemnizing the marriage of Orson Hyde, another prominent Mormon, without his authority, but was acquitted on trial. The copies of the application for license and the certificate of marriage are as follows: "The State of Ohio, Geauga County, ss.: Personally appeared Brigham Young and made application for a marriage license for him and Mary Ann Angel, of the town of Kirtland, in said county, and now solemnly and lawfully, he said Brigham Young, is of the age of twenty-one years, and the said Mary Ann Angel is of the age of eighteen years; that they are both single, and not in any of the first cousins; that he knows of no legal impediment against their being joined in marriage."

"BRICKMAN YOUNG. S. and subscribed with him of February 18, 1840. RALPH COVILE, Deput. Clerk." "He it remembered, that on the thirty-first day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, Brigham Young and Mary Ann Angel, of the county of Geauga, were lawfully joined in marriage by me, in and to the first cousins; that he knows of no legal impediment against their being joined in marriage."

"The signature of Brigham Young to the application above is a facsimile of the original signature on the record. It will be noticed as an evidence of Brigham's illiteracy that he spells his name Brickman Young, and spells the last name with a small or lower-case 'y.' How such a man could obtain such a control over the people as he did can only be explained upon the hypothesis that they were either very ignorant or very vicious, and his great personal magnetism and insight into human nature and faculty of adapting himself to the different natures, showed them he was a born leader.

There still live in Kirtland and in Munson, in this county, nephews of Mary Ann Angel, and they confirm all the foregoing statements. There is still living in Kirtland a small band of Mormons who can not swallow the polygamous portion of the religion. They still hold meetings occasionally in the old Mormon temple in that place, and crowds of curious people come from the neighboring towns to see their proceedings.

DR. SELLERS' OVER 1000000 BOTTLES SOLD AND NEVER FAILS TO CURE COUGHS, COLDS, THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES. ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT. PRICE 25 CTS.

COUGH SYRUP

DON'T FORGET THAT DR. LINSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER ALWAYS CURES PIMPLES, BOILS, SORE EYES, MALARIA, CURCUL AND ALL BLOOD DISEASES. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. R. E. SELLERS & CO. PHOS. PITTSBURGH, PA.

ACHES! PAINS!

"I ache all over!" What a common expression; and how much it means to many a poor sufferer! These aches have a cause, and more frequently than is generally suspected, the cause is the Liver or Kidneys. No disease is more painful or serious than these, and no remedy is so prompt and effective as

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS.

No remedy has yet been discovered that is so effective in all KIDNEY AND LIVER COMPLAINTS, MALARIA, DYSPEPSIA, etc., and yet it is simple and harmless. Science and medical skill have combined with wonderful success those herbs which nature has provided for the cure of disease. It strengthens and invigorates the whole system.

Ben. Thaddeus Stevens, the distinguished Congressman, once wrote to a fellow member who was suffering from indigestion and kidney disease: "Try Mishler's Herb Bitters. I believe it will cure you. I have used it for both indigestion and affection of the kidneys, and it is the most wonderful combination of medicinal herbs I ever saw."

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS CO., 532 Commerce St., Philadelphia.

Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup Never Fails

Counterfeiting a Valuable Article.

The publisher of the *Madison County Record* writes from Huntsville, Ark., as to the effect of Brown's Iron Bitters on his wife. Mr. Daugherty says: "My wife has been using the Bitters for some months; the effect in her case is remarkable; she also writes that owing to counterfeits and imitations, it was difficult to get the genuine article. That difficulty has now been remedied; imitations have been exposed and put to flight. There, as elsewhere, Brown's Iron Bitters can be had of all the respectable druggists at a dollar a bottle.

Do not envy the man who is piling up wealth by speculation. Some gravel walks lead to jails."

Eminent Men.

It may be observed that no attempt is made to hunt up out of the way or unknown places to find names to endorse Simmons Liver Regulator:

John Alexander H. Stephens, John W. Beckwith, Bishop of Georgia, General Jim B. Gordon, U.S. Senator, H. N. Gill Shorter, ex-Governor of Alabama, Rev. David Wills, D. D., President Oglethorpe College, Bishop Pierce, of Georgia, Judge Jas. Jackson, Supreme Court, Georgia.

And did space and time permit we could fill a volume with the highest testimonials.

Do not mistake quantity for wisdom.

A duck will make a great amount of noise over the discovery of a very small puddle of water.

A REMARKABLE ESCAPE.

Mrs. Mary A. Daly, of Tunkhamock, Pa., was afflicted for six years with Asthma and Bronchitis, during which time the best physicians could give no relief. Her life was despaired of, until in last October she procured a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, when immediate relief was felt, and by continuing in use for a short time was completely cured, gaining in flesh 10 lbs. in a few months. Free trial bottles of this certain cure of all Throat and Lung diseases at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store. Large bottle, \$1.00.

Do not judge wholly by appearances.

The dog that goes on three legs occasionally is not always lame.

An Answer Granted.

Can any one bring in a case of kidney or liver complaint that Electric Bitters will not speedily cure? We say they can not as thousands of cases already permanently cured, and who are daily recommending Electric Bitters will prove Brights diseases, weak back, or any urinary complaint quickly cured. They purify the blood, regulate the bowels and act directly on the diseased parts. Every bottle guaranteed for sale at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store.

Our English Cousins.

LONDON.—In a recent trade-mark suit it was shown by sworn evidence that over nine million bottles of St. Jacobs Oil had been sold here during the past year. Leading chemists certify that the sale of this remedy exceeds that of all others; and that it is being recognized as the best pain-cure ever discovered. In serious rheumatism it is accomplished astonishing results.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The greatest medical wonder of the world. Warranted to speedily cure Burns, Bruises, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Cancers, Piles, Chilblains, Corns, Tetter, Chapped Hands, and all skin eruptions, guaranteed to cure in every instance, or money refunded. 25 cents per box. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly.

Do not quarrel with your neighbor.

over the merits of the old political parties. Remember the saying of the colored population, "it ain't worth finding out who gets the best of a goat swap."

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and infirmities of youth, nervous weakness, early loss of manhood, etc., I will send a receipt that will cure you FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a misadventure in our American. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D, New York City.

Do not call a man a crank who differs with the majority.

The popular way was to write with a self-ink pen, and not some crank invented a better way you would be using a sickle yet.

When Baby was sick, we gave her CASTORIA.

When she was a Child, she cried for CASTORIA. When she became Miss, she clung to CASTORIA. When she had Children, she gave them CASTORIA.

NERVE-LIFE AND VIGOR restored in men and women by using Gilmore's Aromatic Wine.

WHEN DOCTORS cannot help you, then take Gilmore's Aromatic Wine for Throat and Lung's. Sold by druggists. MIDDLE AGED MEN who lack vigor and vitality can be cured by Gilmore's Aromatic Wine. Sold by druggists. JAMES SULLIVAN of Salem, Oregon, says he was cured of the Asthma by Gilmore's Aromatic Wine. Sold by druggists. THE WIFE, MOTHER AND MAID who suffer from Female Weakness, will find Gilmore's Aromatic Wine a positive cure. Sold by druggists. ANSON HODGINS, of Blackberry, Ill., says he owes his life to Gilmore's Aromatic Wine. Try it. Sold by druggists. MR. A. HIGGINS, of Wyoming, N. Y., says he had the Piles for nearly 40 years, and was cured by using Gilmore's Pile Specific. Sold by druggists. WHY WILL YOU SUFFER from Ague and Malaria when Gilmore's Aromatic Wine will cure you? Sold by druggists. GILMORE'S NEURALGIA CURE is a positive cure for Neuralgia in the face, side and stomach. Sold by druggists. JOHN H. YATES, of Batavia, N. Y., says: "I cheerfully commend Your AROMATIC WINE; It did now life and vigor send through this weak frame of mine. It did for all my stomach ills. More than the doctor and his pills. Sold by druggists. 1 yr.

Do not be discouraged because you have not had the natural ability or all the advantages of some others.

Be brave and true to the best you know and are, and if you can't sing old Hundred try ninety, or ninety-five.

The properties of Mishler's Herb Bitters are wholly medicinal. It is compounded on scientific principles upon a German formula, 200 years old. Clergymen, temperance people, and all other classes who oppose strong drink on principle, endorse and recommend our great household remedy. It is a sure cure for kidney and liver complaint.

For Farache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swelled Neck, and the results of cold and inflammation, use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—the great anti-dysentery.

ROYER'S GERMAN SPECIFIC cures

Diarrhoea, Cholera, Cholera Morbus and Cramp in the Stomach and Bowels. For old or young, pleasant to take. Price 25c. For sale by druggists and at country stores.

Partisans in politics are like a flock of sheep. Hold a bar up for the leader to jump over, and all the rest of the flock will jump just as high as the leader did, although the bar has been laid on the ground before they reach the gap.

HEADACHE

Proceeds from TORPID LIVER AND IMPURITIES OF THE STOMACH. It can be cured by the use of you will



PURELY VEGETABLE.

Let all who suffer remember that

Sick and Nervous Headaches

can be prevented by taking a dose as soon as their symptoms indicate the coming of an attack.

"Please send me a package of Simmons' Liver Regulator. I have suffered for six years with the sick headache and it is the only thing that will give me relief. I feel recommended to it for sick headache." Yours truly, WARREN J. ALSTON, Warrick, Ind., Ark.

BILLIOUSNESS

MAY BE PROPERLY TERMED AN AFFECTION OF THE LIVER AND CAN BE THOROUGHLY CURED BY THE GRAND REGULATOR OF THE LIVER AND BILIARY ORGANS. Simmons' Liver Regulator.

Manufactured only by J. H. ZEILIN & CO., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Price \$1.00 at druggists. June 24-1886

WARNER BROS' CELEBRATED CORALINE CORSETS

FLEXIBLE HIP NURSING HEALTH ABDOMINAL CORALINE

Five Gold and Two Silver Medals, awarded in 1885 at the Expositions of New Orleans and Louisville, and the International Exposition of London.

The superiority of Coraline over horn or whale-bone has now been demonstrated by over five years' experience. It is more durable, more pliable, more comfortable, and never breaks.

Avoid cheap imitations made of various kinds of cord. None are genuine unless "DR. WARNER'S CORALINE" is printed on inside of steel cover.

FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING MERCHANTS. WARNER BROTHERS, 353 Broadway, New York City.

MANHOOD

How Lost. How Restored?

Just published, a new edition of D. Culverwell's *Manhood*, a treatise on the subject of SPERMATORRHOEA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Sexual Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impairments to Marriage, etc., a complete CONSUMPTION, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

Send under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, stamp, on receipt of four cents or two postage stamps. Address: THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO., 4 Ann St., New York, N. Y. P. O. Box, 450. May 21-1886.

AMERICA IS BOUND TO SHINE.

Many imitations of our genuine Adiantum Vagabundum (in boxes) are sold on the merits of our goods. Take from your dealer one which has not the name "Adiantum Vagabundum" on the Prussian Helmet on bottom and top. As a metal polish it stands at the head of all competitors and received the only highest award at the New Orleans Exposition. It is the finest metal polish in the world. Try it. ADOLPH GOHRING & CO., Sole Importers, 202 William St., N. Y.

WIDE AWAKE AGENTS WANTED FOR THE GREAT CONSPIRACY

A thrilling review of the portentous events that led to the GREAT REBELLION, from the power full pen of GEN. JOHN A. KOGAN. Little quiet for choice field. HUBBARD BROS., 51 W. 4th St. Cincinnati, Ohio.

A BIG OFFER. To introduce them

we will give away 1000 self-operating Washing Machines. If you want one send us your name, P. O. and express office at once. The National Co., 21 Day-st., N. Y.

GRAEFENBERG'S PILLS

For Headache, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Indigestion, Stomach Affections, etc. Sold by Druggists.

PISO'S CURE FOR

GUINEA WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Rest Cough Syrup. Pleasant Taste. Use in all cases. Sold by Druggists.

WATSON'S

Ladies and gentlemen to take out of the pleasant enjoyment at their own homes (this cure is not only for the work sent by mail \$2.00 to \$2.50 day can be quickly made; no consulting physician needed; at once GLOBE MED. CO., Boston, Mass., box 5341.

Jewelry & Watches

New Goods Just Arrived.

Everybody should call at

COLEMAN'S Jewelry Store

No. 5 Erie Street.

and see his splendid stock of goods before purchasing elsewhere. He will pay you, for all goods are marked down to the

Lowest Possible Prices.

No use going away for goods when you can buy here as cheaply as in any city in the Union.

Jos. Coleman.

Horse Shoeing Shop

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to call the attention of all persons desiring extra work done in the way of horse shoeing, a branch of mechanism to which he has devoted nearly twenty years exclusively. He makes

Horse Shoes of Every Variety

Required by Diseased Feet.

Horses with Corns, Gravel, Quarter Cracks, Thrush, Flat or Contracted Feet, will receive

Special Attention.

Also Over-Reaching, Interfering, Stumbling, Knee-Raiging, and everything requiring

Care and Skill in Shoeing.

will receive careful and prompt attention.

Trotting and Team Horses

will be shod in the best manner, and satisfaction guaranteed in all instances. Shop East side of Factory street, between Main and Charles street near the city buildings.

A. D. Volkmer.

JOHN H. OGDEN, UNDERTAKER.

West Side of Canal, Main Street.

U.S. Grant

40,000 copies already sold. We want one agent in every Grand Army Post and in every town ship. Send for SPECIAL TERMS TO AGENTS, enclosing agency at once by sending 5 cents in stamps to: J. H. Forshee & McManis, Inc., 100 N. 3rd St., St. Louis, Mo.

ELECTRICAL RHEUMATIC REMEDY.

Only Sure Cure for Rheumatism.

After having fully demonstrated the fact that the above is a sure cure for Rheumatism, I have concluded to purchase the recipe for a medicine for sale. As one bottle will cure any ordinary case of Rheumatism, I have concluded to sell it at One Dollar per bottle. On receipt of one dollar I will send one bottle free to any part of the United States.

Having been known by all publishers in N. Y. and in business at 25 Ann St., for the past 34 years, I have taken the liberty to refer the public to the publisher of this paper as to the truth of my statement. JOHN C. STOCKWELL, 25 Ann St., New York.

WIDE AWAKE AGENTS WANTED FOR THE GREAT CONSPIRACY

A thrilling review of the portentous events that led to the GREAT REBELLION, from the power full pen of GEN. JOHN A. KOGAN. Little quiet for choice field. HUBBARD BROS., 51 W. 4th St. Cincinnati, Ohio.

A BIG OFFER. To introduce them

we will give away 1000 self-operating Washing Machines. If you want one send us your name, P. O. and express office at once. The National Co., 21 Day-st., N. Y.

GRAEFENBERG'S PILLS

For Headache, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Indigestion, Stomach Affections, etc. Sold by Druggists.

PISO'S CURE FOR

GUINEA WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Rest Cough Syrup. Pleasant Taste. Use in all cases. Sold by Druggists.

WATSON'S

Ladies and gentlemen to take out of the pleasant enjoyment at their own homes (this cure is not only for the work sent by mail \$2.00 to \$2.50 day can be quickly made; no consulting physician needed; at once GLOBE MED. CO., Boston, Mass., box 5341.

Wheeling & Lake Erie R. R.

BETWEEN TOLEDO AND MARIETTA. In effect January 18, 1886.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.	No. 5.	No. 7.	No. 9 *	No. 1 *
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Toledo.....Lv.	7:15	12:30	5:00	
Fremont.....	7:20	12:35	5:05	
Clyde.....	7:25	12:40	5:10	
Bellevue.....	7:30	12:45	5:15	
St. Marys.....	7:35	12:50	5:20	
Norwalk.....	8:13	1:00	7:20	1:40
St. Clairsville.....	8:13	1:00	7:20	1:50
Chillicothe.....	9:03	1:50	8:10	2:40
Wellington.....	9:03	1:50	8:10	2:50
Creston.....	9:52	2:40	9:05	3:40
Bricktown.....	10:00	2:50	9:15	3:50
Marionville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:00
Marion.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:10
Valley Junction.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	7:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	7:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	7:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	7:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	7:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	7:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	8:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	8:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	8:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	8:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	8:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	8:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	9:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	9:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	9:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	9:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	9:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	9:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	10:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	10:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	10:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	10:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	10:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	10:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	11:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	11:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	11:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	11:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	11:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	11:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	12:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	12:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	12:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	12:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	12:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	12:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	1:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	1:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	1:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	1:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	1:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	1:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	2:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	2:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	2:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	2:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	2:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	2:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	3:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	3:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	3:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	3:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	3:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	3:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	7:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	7:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	7:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	7:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	7:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	7:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	8:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	8:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	8:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	8:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	8:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	8:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	9:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	9:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	9:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	9:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	9:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	9:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	10:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	10:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	10:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	10:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	10:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	10:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	11:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	11:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	11:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	11:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	11:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	11:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	12:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	12:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	12:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	12:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	12:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	12:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	1:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	1:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	1:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	1:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	1:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	1:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	2:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	2:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	2:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	2:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	2:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	2:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	3:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	3:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	3:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	3:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	3:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	3:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	7:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	7:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	7:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	7:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	7:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	7:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	8:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	8:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	8:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	8:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	8:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	8:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	9:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	9:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	9:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	9:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	9:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	9:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	10:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	10:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	10:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	10:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	10:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	10:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	11:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	11:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	11:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	11:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	11:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	11:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	12:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	12:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	12:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	12:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	12:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	12:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	1:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	1:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	1:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	1:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	1:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	1:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	2:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	2:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	2:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	2:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	2:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	2:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	3:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	3:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	3:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	3:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	3:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	3:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	4:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:10
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:20
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:30
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:40
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	5:50
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:00
St. Clairsville.....	10:10	3:00	9:25	6:10

Massillon Independent,

O. W. THOMAS. EDITOR

REPUBLICAN CITY TICKET.

Mayor,
JOHN H. WILLIAMS.
Council.
First Ward—CHARLES E. JARVIS.
Second Ward—HENRY F. OEHLEH.
Third Ward—E. B. LIEGHLEY.
Fourth Ward—R. B. CRAWFORD.

Assessors.
First Ward—JESSE H. WEBB.
Second Ward—JOHN H. MARTIN.
Third Ward—JOHN MERRIMAN.
Fourth Ward—FREDERICK HOSE.

TOWNSHIP TICKET.
Trustees.
ABEL JAMES.
ADAM MEIZGER.
ADAM F. ROOF.
Treasurer.
MARTIN SHAFER.
Clerk.
LOUIS A. KOONS.
Justice of the Peace.
W. S. S. ROGERS.
Central Committeeman.
H. C. BROWN.

Republicans are well satisfied with the ticket nominated on Saturday.

Edwin Booth and Lawrence Barrett will make a tour of the country together next season.

A society, known as the Audubon Society, has been organized in New York, whose purpose is to prevent the killing of birds to obtain their feathers for decorating purposes.

Frank Hurd's chances for occupying a seat in the House of Representatives are not very brilliant. The House Elections Committee rejected his claim by a vote of eight to six.

The Senate has evidently forgot that Cleveland was elected on a platform of reform. Stand by the Administration. —*Madison Democrat.*

No the Senate has not forgotten anything of the kind, but it is the general opinion that the President's memory in regard to that matter is conveniently defective.

It is rumored that Hon. John McBride is not pleased with the Republican nominee for Mayor, and that he intends throwing his whole weight into an effort to defeat Mr. Williams. Perhaps the Hon. John sees in the dim distance a cloud in the political horizon, that portends his defeat at the hands of the aforesaid candidate.

It is said that the Cincinnati boodle fund is running low. The Boss, having thrown away \$87,000, declines to make further contributions; the Directors of the City Infirmary have taken a trip to Canada, and can not be called upon for \$1,000 or so when needed; and no assessments can be levied on the police. Boodleism is in a bad way at the present writing. —*Columbus Herald.*

The following note from the chairman of the Judiciary Committee was sent to the Attorney General of the United States April 7, 1879, and the compliance by that officer with the request provides a precedent for the recent demand made by the Senate upon Attorney General Garland:

The Honorable Attorney General of the United States:

Sir:—Under the direction of the Judiciary Committee of the Senate I have the honor to request that you will communicate to the committee any papers or information in your possession touching the question of the propriety of the removal of Michael Shaffer, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Utah, and the appointment of David T. Corbin to the office. Very respectfully your obedient servant,

At that time the President did not presume to direct his "clerk" to disregard the request of the Senate.

A joining of forces which will greatly increase the power of organized labor was recently effected between the Grangers of the State, through their State officers, and the Ohio State Trades and Labor Assembly. The following resolutions were adopted by a joint committee of the two bodies:

"WHEREAS, In the present condition of society all thoughtful men must see that the burdens of Government are unequally distributed; that capital is absorbing more than a fair share of the profits accruing from labor; that the tendency is toward concentration and combination of capital and the enslavement of labor; that combination of capitalists makes the organization of laborers an imperative necessity; therefore, be it Resolved, That we pledge our earnest

endeavors to bring about a better understanding between the various labor organizations of the State and country, and a more thorough co operation for the promotion and the protection of mutual interests.

Signed on behalf of the State Grange by J. H. Brigham, W. M., T. S. Smith, Sec., S. H. Ellis, Ch. Ex. Com. And on behalf of the Ohio State Trades and Labor Assembly by N. R. Hysell, Pres., W. R. Eckley, Sec., Louis Hetzel.

NAVARRE.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Welty Sundayed in Fulton.

Chase Bros. are doing business in their new quarters on Center Square.

Numerous persons have been prostrated from an attack of the influenza.

A car load of hogs were shipped north over the C. & C. railroad here, Monday.

Tuesday spring put in an appearance with about three inches of snow on the ground.

Matt Clemens is having a gravestone placed along the walk before his place of residence.

Several of our Sons of Veterans attended the open session of the camp at Massillon, Friday.

Mrs. Martha Bachle, of Evansburg, O., visited the past two weeks with her son Charles and family.

Sunday the different Sunday schools of this place will hold an election of officers for the ensuing year.

The little ten-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Thomas died from an attack of the "epizootic" Monday.

Henry Freds bought Joe Hug's interest in the Hug & Brumre firm. Hereafter the hog will suffer in the name of Brumre & Freds.

The Democrats of Bethlehem township will hold their primary election, to nominate township officers, Saturday between 1 and 7 p. m.

Eddie Rhein, our popular baker and confectioner, has purchased the Meyer property, back of the Reed House, and will immediately begin to build a business room, to be 16x33. Eddie is an industrious fellow, and we wish him success in his undertaking.

If we have been rightly informed, C. Stahl, our old Marshal, will again run for that office. "Buck" makes an efficient officer, and it is our opinion that the numerous "greenies," who intend to run against him, will be obliged to jump into the canal, to keep out of the wet, after election.

CHAPMAN.

Deputy Sheriff Krider invaded our township last Friday, hunting witnesses on the Gorman case.

Mrs. Llewelyn William and Mrs. Geo. W. Phillips have gone to Hubbard, to see their mother, who is lying ill.

The Republicans of this township will hold their primary election next Saturday, and it is necessary that all should attend.

Mr. Patrick Larkin represented this place at the St. Patrick's jubilation at North Lawrence last week. It is said Webster mashed a widow while there.

Mr. John Evans started last Monday morning for Sheffield Junction, Lorain County, where he has been engaged to take charge of the sinking of a new coal shaft. The company is to be congratulated upon securing the services of so competent a man as Mr. Evans, for he is efficient in all the details in sinking of this kind.

Mr. Jno. H. Williams, Republican candidate for Mayor of the city of Massillon, received a short, pointed and spicy send-off in last Monday's *Repository*. We have had the pleasure of voting twice for Mr. W., and feel sorry that we can't assist in electing him to Massillon's highest position; but we hope for the best.

The report goes that a seven-foot vein of coal has been discovered at the above named place at a depth of 430 feet and a joint stock company has been formed to operate the same. The shaft is sunk thirty feet to the rock at present, which means business. This will again put the geologists of Ohio to thinking, as it is contrary to anything ever found in their surveys. There appears to be more in it this time than a Campbell & Pad den-Canal-Fulton excitement, which turned out to be a hoax a short time ago. The shaft is expected to cost \$20,000 by the time the coal is reached. The coal was augured out with a diamond bit and placed in full view.

Mt. Union and Alliance.

Harry Linwood left for Trinidad, Col., Tuesday.

Mrs. Bard, of Canton, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Fawcett.

Bella Moore at the Opera House, Thursday evening, in "A Mountain Pink."

The Senior addresses will take place Wednesday evening, March 31, in the C. lege Hall.

The Teachers' Institute, held in the High School, at Alliance, Saturday, was well attended.

A series of meetings are being held, each evening, at the M. E. Church, Mt. Union. All are invited to attend.

Quarterly meeting at the M. E. Church, Mt. Union, Sunday, Presiding Elder

Wilson will preach in the evening.

Mrs. J. J. McCoy, of Leesville, O., spent a few days in Mt. Union, visiting her daughters, Misses Lyda and Mary McCoy.

The nomination of township officers of Washington township will be held at Mr. Crumbaugh's shop, Mt. Union, March 27.

A large number of students attended the social given by the Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A., in the Linnear Hall, Saturday evening.

A large force of men have been engaged in removing the ground from the C. Y. & P. R. R. track, in the cut between Mt. Union and Alliance. No trains ran for several days, as the ground caved in as fast as it was removed.

Town meeting is called by the request of many citizens of Mt. Union, to convene at the Town House, to consider the subject of purchasing suitable grounds for a new cemetery. All persons interested in the above enterprise are requested to be present.

CANTON.

There is some fear that the City Council intend abandoning the electric lights and returning to gas.

The Canton Gun Club held its weekly shoot at Lakeview range on Saturday. Messrs. Dr. Beecher, Campbell and Wm. Beecher wear the badges.

The arson case against Thomas Gorman, of Canal Fulton, is being tried in the Common Pleas Court, this week. In the neighborhood of 150 witnesses will be called.

The Young Men's Christian Association have rented the old Whiting building on the corner of Poplar and Tuscarawas streets, which they will use as their headquarters.

A challenge has been issued by David Swanger to John Ehnman to discuss the best mode of settling the labor question. The debate is to come off in the Opera House Sunday evening.

Canton is to be invaded by the Salvation Army on the 1st of April. The Kink Vendome has been rented, and will be used as barracks. The detachment for this place will be made by recruits from the neighboring towns.

Councilman A. Gachatte, of the Third Ward, indulged in a disgraceful drunken spree on Thursday of last week. He boarded a street car, refused to pay his fare, abused and insulted the passengers, and finally had to be removed from the car by force. On Friday morning he was arrested and taken before the Mayor, who fined him \$1 and costs on two charges.

Joseph Brissell, a young man who was placed in confinement, Friday evening of last week, on account of a sudden attack of insanity, has become a raving maniac. For some time he has been out of employment, and on Friday went out for some coal. Failing to get it he began cutting up the furniture for fuel. On complaint of his wife he was locked up. On Saturday he was allowed the freedom of the corridor of the prison. He passed out of the corridor into the police headquarters, and refused to return to the prison. Suddenly he made a rush for a window, and succeeded in making his escape through it. He started down the street, pursued by the officers, and was finally captured and returned to the prison. On Sunday he was let out into the corridor to talk with his mother and brothers, who had come to see him. Suddenly he made a dash for the window and succeeded in escaping, and was only captured after a chase of nearly a mile. He struggled fiercely in his resistance against being taken back to jail. He will be kept closely confined in the future and in a short time will be sent to the insane asylum.

DALTON.

The roads are almost bottomless. The scarlet fever scare proves to be only severe colds with some fever.

Mr. William Weaver, is confined to his bed from a severe attack of rheumatism.

Miss Lina McElhinney, of this place, is visiting friends and relatives at North Jackson, Mahoning Co., O.

H. M. Rudy, our horseman, has just received thirty-five head of horses, and will offer them at auction on Saturday.

The secondary department of our school was closed this week on account of the sickness of the teacher, Mr. D. F. Cully.

Albert Conold, Aaron Fenton, and Walter Tedrow left last night for Springfield, O., where they are going to work in shops there.

Fred Kauffman, a German, who has been stopping in town a few days, was the loser of a twenty dollar gold piece Tuesday. He was somewhat under the influence of the ardent at the time.

IMPORTANT.

When you visit or leave New York City, save baggage Expressage and Carriage Hire, and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central Depot.

Elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to \$1.00 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel, than at any other first-class hotel in the city. July 7.

Itch of every kind cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by J. M. Schneiders, Druggist, Massillon. 37-4m

Watkins Bros.

Respectfully invite your attention to the many bargains they are offering throughout their establishment, and you will find it to your advantage to see the inducements offered to buyers of Dry Goods, Notions and Cloaks. Our stock will be found complete in every department, and goods marked so low that you will find it a pleasure to deal with us.

We will only make brief mention of a few of the many bargains we offer you:

One Case 56-Inch All Wool Ladies' Cloth at 67½ Cents. PRICE ELSEWHERE, 87½ CENTS.

Fine Satins, Cashmeres, Coupures, Bourettes, Boucles, Brocade and Striped Dress Goods, all in the latest shades.

One Case 36-Inch Cashmeres and Satins, 12½ Cents.

One Case Brocade Dress Goods, 5 Cents

Silks, Velvets and Velveteens.

Our Cloak Room is stocked with Winter Wraps of every description, at prices which are bound to interest every lady intending to buy a Wrap.

Ladies' Cloth Newmarket Coats and Circulars from \$3 up. Childrens' and Misses' Coats from \$1 50 up. Elegant Brocade Velvet, Boucle, Plush and Beaver Coats at prices that will make them sell at sight. Blankets, Flannels and Yarns. Woolen and Merino Hosiery and Underwear, in medium and light weight goods, for Ladies' Gents' and Childrens' wear, at prices to suit every one. Corsets, Neckwear, Ribbons and Fancy Goods. Soliciting your trade, we are Very Respectfully,

WATKINS BROS.,

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

20 East Main St.

MASSILLON, O.

LADIES WANTED to work for us at their own homes. \$7 to \$10 per week can be easily made; no canvassing; fashionable and steady employment. Particulars and sample of the work sent for stamp. Address: HOME AFG CO., P. O. Box 1216, Boston, Mass. 37-41

WE WANT SALESMEN everywhere, local and traveling, to sell our goods. With pay good salary and all expenses. Write for terms at once, and state salary wanted. Address: STANDARD SILVER WARE COMPANY, Washington Street, Boston, Mass. 37-41

WANTED—LADIES to work for us at their own homes. \$7 to \$10 per week can be easily made; no canvassing; fashionable and steady employment. Particulars and sample of the work sent for stamp. Address: ART CROMBANY, 19 Central street, Boston, Mass. 37-41

CONSUMPTION. I have a positive remedy for the above disease, by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, nothing is more certain as to the cure of this disease, than the use of my medicine. I have cured many cases of this disease, and I will cure you. Address: DR. H. G. LUDWIG, 163 Pearl St., New York. 37-41

DEAFNESS its CAUSES and CURE, by one who was deaf twenty-eight years. Treated by most of the noted specialists of the day with no benefit. Cured himself in three months, and since then hundreds of others by same process. A plain, simple and successful home treatment. Address: T. S. PAGE, 128 East 26th street, New York City. 37-41

I CURE FITS! When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLEN SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst case. Postage orders have failed in no reason for not receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. DR. H. G. LUDWIG, 163 Pearl St., N. Y. 37-41

WANTED BY AN IMPORTING HOUSE, a Resident Salesman; must have experience in that line. Address with references and full information: IMPORTER, P. O. Box 564, New York.

Cedar Posts, Fencing,

Building Material.

The Sipco Coal Co. has for sale a large lot of Cedar Posts and Fence Boards which will be sold at greatly reduced prices. Also, a choice lot of building timber, oist and scantling, which will also be sold exceedingly low. An opportunity such as may not occur again for years is now presented to those who desire to construct buildings or fencing. Call at the office of

SIPCO COAL CO
Massillon, Aug 18, 1884-0

Wm. BOWMAN,
Tin and Slate

ROOFING,
Spouting,

And all kinds of

Job Work in Tin and Sheet Iron.

All Work Warranted.
Shop on North Erie Street,
Near Warwick & Justus' Mco.
Wm. BOWMAN.

March 10

Knapp & Dillon,

(Successors to J. F. Hess & Bro.,)

Practical Plumbers,

GAS and STEAM FITTERS,

Dealers in

Gas Fixtures, Brass Goods

and all kinds of

Pumps, Hydrants, Street Washers, Garden Hose and Hose Reels.

Fitting Country Residences a Specialty.

Orders promptly attended to at reasonable price

16 NORTH ERIE STREET,

MASSILLON, OHIO

Notice of Election,

Of Two Members of the Board of Education.

The qualified electors in Massillon Union School District are hereby notified to meet at the usual places for holding regular elections in said school district on Monday, April 5th, and then and there choose two persons to serve as members of the Board of Education each for a term of two years.

By order of the Board.

[Attest.] S. A. CONRAD, President.

W. B. HUMBERGER, Secretary.

Dissolution Notice.

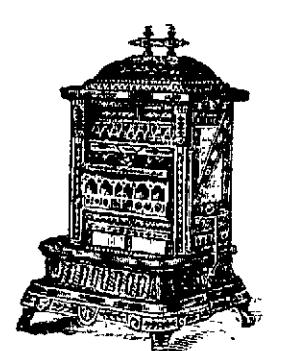
The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, Joseph Glessner retiring. The business will be continued by J. M. Walker, and all accounts belonging to the firm will be settled by him.

JOSEPH GLESSNER, JOHN M. WALKER.

March 10, 1886.

H. F. OEHLEH'S
Cash Store

IS HEADQUARTERS FOR



STOVES, RANGES,

—AND—
House Furnishing Goods.

Roofing & Spouting

promptly attended to.

14 W. Main St., - - MASSILLON.

HARDWARE!

S. A. Conrad & Co.

MAIN STREET, MASSILLON,

dealers in Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE

Consisting of a fine selection of

COACH TRIMMINGS, SADDLERY, CUTLERY

with a large stock of

Scythes, Forks, Hay-Hooks,

Paints, Glass, Etc.,

WM. MCCLYNDS G. ALBRIGHT

German Deposit Bank,

PARK HOTEL BLOCK,

MASSILLON, O.,

Dealers in Promissory Notes, Manufacturers Scrip and Exchange.

Collections made in all the towns and cities of the United States.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

Home and Neighborhood.

Local reading notices set in Brevier type—the size of type used on this page—five cents per line for first insertion, and three cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Reading notices set in larger type, ten cents per line for first insertion, and five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. No single notice inserted for less than twenty-five cents.

There was no council meeting Wednesday evening.

Mr. S. J. Patterson is happy over a newly arrived daughter.

Mr. A. P. Conlon is papa, and it is a charming little daughter.

The Industrial School continues to grow. More teachers are wanted.

A public entertainment will be given at the High School Hall this evening by the Senior class.

A. D. Volkmar sold a fine five-year-old to a gentleman from New York last week for \$300. The colt is a well-bred Hambletonian.

Degree Staff, I. O. O. F. will work in the first degree Monday night.

Messrs. Willenburgh & Brown threw open the doors of their new meat market to the public on Saturday. Everything is bright and new and presented a very inviting appearance.

Robert Hammond is confident he can show Gil Porter that he has no right to accept favors at the hands of the Democracy. Go to the joint debate next Monday evening in People's Hall.

John Snyder and Chas. Braun indulged in a little set-to in List's meat market Saturday evening. They appeared before his Honor, the Mayor, Monday morning and were fined \$5 and costs each.

Messrs. George H. Spangler, of Canton, and W. A. Wade, of this place, will open a genteel furnishing and hat store in the old Reed room on Erie street. They expect to be ready for business about the middle of April.

Our genial friend Dr. McGhie informs us that he is a candidate for the position of township physician for the coming year. We feel quite confident that the trustees could not make a better selection for the above position than the Doctor.

Christian Camp, who was arrested a few weeks since for running an illicit distillery near Beach City, was given a hearing before Commissioner Williams, at Cleveland, last week. He waived examination and was bound over to the next term of the District Court.

An alarm of fire Sunday afternoon took a large portion of the population of this city out East Main street to the scene of conflagration, which was in the residence of Mr. H. L. Savage. Fortunately the fire was easily controlled and was extinguished before any serious damage was done.

Mr. Charles Clemens, a young man employed in the wood-working department at Russell & Co.'s shops, met with a serious accident Friday afternoon. He was working at a small buzz saw and was struck in the eye by a splinter which has deprived him of the use of that organ.

The members of the Republican Club held a very interesting meeting at their headquarters, Thursday evening of last week, at which it was decided to reorganize the club and join the Ohio Republican League. Last evening another meeting was held with a view to further perfect the plans of organization.

The people of his own race are loud in their denunciations of Gil Porter for becoming the Democratic candidate for Justice of the Peace, and Robert Hammond, a well-known colored citizen, has challenged Porter to a joint debate, which will be held next Monday evening in the People's Hall. Let all who are interested in the coming election hear the views of these gentlemen.

Mr. Thomas H. Williams, an old resident of Massillon, who has been residing in Cleveland for the past eighteen or twenty years, has returned to Massillon to end his days. He and his worthy better-half will open a boarding house in the old Col. Webb property on Main street. It is not necessary for us to say that everything will be done in a ship shape manner and that the homeless will find in this a haven.

George Steiner, a Cantonian, was arrested at this place last Saturday, on a demand from the authorities at Canton. He was charged with stealing a cloak, a pair of boots and a clock from Rose Ickes. Steiner owned to stealing the clock, which he said he had pawned for seventy-five cents. One of the Canton police force came over, but refused to take the prisoner without the goods, and as they were not forthcoming the culprit was set at liberty.

Personal and Society.

Mr. William Reed, of Wilmot, was in town on Friday.

Mr. William Riblet, of Galion, O., was in the city on Thursday of last week.

Miss Ella Bradley, of Kent, O., is visiting with her brother, Dr. A. A. Hallock.

Mrs. Lawrence Allarding, who has been quite ill for some time past is now convalescing.

Mr. J. J. Bernard left on Wednesday for Goshen, Ind., where he will open a cigar factory.

Miss Mary Gavins has been made a lieutenant in the Salvation Army and sent to Sandusky.

Mrs. Vincent, of Alliance, was the

guest of her mother, Mrs. C. N. Oberlin, during the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark, of New Haven, Conn., spent a portion of this week with Mrs. Eliza Bechtel.

Mr. George Allen, formerly foreman in Blumenstein's cigar factory, started for San Francisco, Cal., on Saturday.

Colonel George Zeilly, a former Massillonian, but now a resident of New Philadelphia, was in town on Friday.

Mr. William Regula, who has been visiting with friends and relatives in Trumbull county, returned last week.

Miss Hattie Knapp entertained a number of her friends with a card party at her home on Mill street, Wednesday evening.

Messrs. George Herring, Frank Sprenger and James Dossie are enjoying themselves on a visit to Mansfield, this week.

Charles King, who has been employed in the Independent office for a number of years, has gone to Oberlin, where he has secured a situation. Mr. King is a young man of good parts, and will undoubtedly succeed in life.

HENRY ZEIGLER

Waives a Hearing and is Remanded to Jail.

Henry Zeigler, who was recently arrested on the charge of having murdered Reuben Cooper eight years ago, was taken to Canton last Saturday morning by Sheriff Leininger and Detective Dangelstein, and placed in the county jail. On Tuesday he was brought over to Massillon for a preliminary hearing before Squire Frantz. The prisoner waived a hearing, and the crowd which gathered at the Squire's office were sadly disappointed. He was remanded to jail to await the action of the grand jury, which sits in May, and was taken back to Canton on the afternoon train.

The prisoner is a large, well-built, and rather intelligent man of about forty years of age. His complexion is light. He wears only a mustache and is badly pock marked, having had small-pox in 1882 at Chicago. When arrested at St. Louis he protested that he was not Henry Zeigler and endeavored to prove by witnesses that he had always lived at that place. After crossing the Illinois line he confessed to his identity, but denied having had anything to do with the killing of Cooper, or that he had left town with Braun and Murphy. He denies ever having known Cooper. In the past eight years he has been over nearly the whole of the western States, and has travelled under different names, being known as John Hunter a while, and then as Mike Allen. He was easily recognized by quite a number of residents of this place.

Hammond vs. Porter.

At the last meeting of the Civil Rights League the topic, "Resolved, That the cow is more useful than the horse," was ably discussed by Messrs. Robert Hammond in the affirmative, and Albert Grant in the negative. After a lengthy discussion the cake was awarded the champion of the ruminants, Mr. Hammond.

At the suggestion of a committee of citizens, it was decided that the next debate, which will be on a subject of general interest, namely, "Resolved, That Gilbert N. Porter was wrong in accepting the nomination for Justice of the Peace on the Democratic ticket," be held in the People's Hall. Let there be a good attendance. Our colored friends are up and doing, and we are sure the coming debate on a subject so relevant to the times, will bring forth an expression of sentiments well worth listening to. Robert Hammond in the affirmative and Gilbert N. Porter in the negative. Admission, ten cents.

Concert.

Grand concert by the Canton Conservatory of Music, for the benefit of the M. E. Ladies Aid Society, Friday, April 2:

No. 1.—Wedding March, Piano, four hands, two violins and cello, Messrs. Meyers, Messrs. Jos. A. Meyer, Louis A. Vittak and Chas. Klein—Mendelssohn.
No. 2.—Vocal Solo, Spring Song, (Violin Obligato) Mrs. Annie Mellor Sheil—C. Reinicke.
No. 3.—Violin Solo, Le Enchantresse, Arthur Conner—Mozart.
No. 4.—Piano Solo, Invitation to the Dance, Miss Alice Burton—C. von Weber.
No. 5.—Piano and Cello, Piano, four hands, two violins and cello—Chopin.
No. 6.—Vocal Solo, Etacato Polka, Mrs. Annie Mellor Sheil.
No. 7.—Violin Solo, Sixth Air, Chas. Klein—De Beriot.
No. 8.—Piano Duet, Spanish Dance, Misses Carrie and Winnie Meyers—Moskowsky.
No. 9.—Violin Quartette—Pleyel.
No. 10.—Piano Solo, Alpine Echoes, Louis Vittak.
No. 11.—Vocal Solo, Selected.
No. 12.—March Militaire, Piano, four hands, two violins and cello—F. Schubert.

In Memoriam.

HEADQUARTERS DANIEL RITTER CAMP, SONS OF VETERANS, U. S. A.
Office of Orderly Sergeant,
Massillon, O., March 23, 1886.

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty Providence to call from his earthly labors Captain Isaac Ulman, and whereas, the deceased comrade having been a prominent worker in the organization of Daniel Ritter Camp, S. of V., Massillon, O.; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we as a camp have lost a sincere friend, a zealous worker and a faithful ally in the death of Capt. Ulman.

Resolved, That our banner and charter be draped in mourning for 30 days, in memory of the dead soldier.

Resolved, That we tender our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and our stricken brother; and be it further

Resolved, That these resolutions be published and spread on our records and also a copy sent to the family of the deceased comrade.

JOHN H. MARTIN,
JOHN KAY,
JAS. K. PRACOCK,
Committee on Resolutions.

The Primary Elections.

More than ordinary interest was manifested at the primary elections, on Saturday. The vote cast at both the Republican and Democratic polls was largely in excess of expectations. With the Republicans the contest was not close except for the offices of Mayor and Trustees. The result of the vote was an exceedingly strong ticket. The following is the vote cast by the Republicans:

CITY TICKET.

FOR MAYOR.

John H. Williams.....	398
Samuel Bowman.....	49
R. H. Folger.....	59

FOR COUNCILMAN.

C. E. Jarvis, First Ward.....	163
H. F. Gehler, Second Ward.....	101
William O'ertou, Second Ward.....	43
Robert Reay, Third Ward.....	102
E. B. Lieghley, Third Ward.....	119
R. B. Crawford, Fourth Ward.....	entire vote

FOR ASSESSOR.

Isaac Crooks, First Ward.....	57
Adam Metzger, Second Ward.....	130
John H. Martin, Second Ward.....	63
J. G. Grosz-iler, ".....	29
Chas. Fessler, ".....	22
C. E. Herry, Third Ward.....	52
John Merriam, Third Ward.....	112
F. Hese, Fourth Ward.....	entire vote

TOWNSHIP TICKET.

TRUSTEES.

Abel James.....	140
Adam Metzger.....	474
J. G. Wertzlongher.....	374
Adam F. Roof.....	429
Jos. Healy.....	206

TREASURER.

M. Shafer.....	entire vote
----------------	-------------

CLERK.

L. A. Koobs.....	entire vote
------------------	-------------

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

W. S. S. Rogers.....	92
Jesse H. Huch, ".....	130
Alfred Pierce.....	71

From the above it will be seen that the ticket nominated is as follows:

For Mayor—John H. Williams.
For Councilman—First Ward, Charles E. Jarvis; Second Ward, Henry F. Gehler; Third Ward, E. B. Lieghley; Fourth Ward, R. B. Crawford.

For Assessors—First Ward, Jesse H. Webb; Second Ward, John H. Martin; Third Ward, John Merriam; Fourth Ward, Frederick Hese.

For Trustees—Abel James, Adam Metzger, Adam F. Roof.

For Treasurer—Martin Shafer.

For Clerk—Louis A. Koobs.

For Justice of the Peace—W. S. S. Rogers.

For Central Committeeman—Horace C. Brown.

The ticket put in nomination by the Democrats is as follows:

CITY TICKET.

For Mayor—Josiah Frantz.

For Councilmen—First Ward, Frank Sibila; Second Ward, Chas. M. Whitman; Third Ward, Josiah Clutz; Fourth Ward, Thos. Volkmar.

For Assessors—First Ward, F. H. Minnich; Second Ward, John Smith; Third Ward, Henry Wetter; Fourth Ward, Geo. Bullach.

TOWNSHIP TICKET.

For Trustees—A. W. Smith, Louis Zeller, and Thomas McGuire.

For Clerk—John List.

For Treasurer—No candidate.

For Constables—Frank Shepley and Andrew Wilhelm.

For Assessor—Michael Triner, jr.

For Justice of the Peace—Gilbert N. Porter.

Postmaster Howells.

If the world had suddenly come to an end you could not have found a more surprised set of individuals than were the Democrats of Massillon, when the announcement was made that Hon. Anthony Howells had been nominated by the President as postmaster for Massillon. On some of the faces pleasure was depicted, while on others surprised indignation was plainly seen. At first the matter was hardly credited, some thinking the news too good to be true, and the others unwilling to believe that they had been made such sad dupes. As soon as they could recover their breath a grand rush was made for the headquarters of the different factions to have the news denied or verified. Mr. Howells was in Cleveland, and nothing could be gotten from him. Mr. Warwick, who has been the champion of Mr. Shepley and who has chuckled not a little at his supposed victory over the kids, would hardly credit the statement. Telephones were brought into use and the untirred were compelled to acknowledge that, alas, it was too true. On Tuesday there was a general gathering of the clan at the office of Warwick & Justus, and although the doors were closed and barred to the uninitiated the angry mutterings were audible quite a distance from that edifice. It is rumored that an indignant protest was drawn up and forwarded to the powers that be.

When approached by a representative of the Independent and asked if he had any explanation to offer for the sudden change in the programme, Mr. Warwick replied that he was as much in the dark as any one, and that as far as he was concerned the change was in explicable. In reply to our inquiry as to whether he credited the statement that Mr. Howells' nomination was sent to the Senate without the indorsement of Senator Payne, he stated that he had the utmost confidence in the honor of the Senator, and thought that he would not have said so if it was not a fact. Although the Governor endeavored to conceal the storm that was raging within, it does not take a prophet to predict that something was likely to drop, and that Senator Payne had better stand from under.

The rupture in the Democratic ranks is clearly defined, and it is so wide that the prospects of healing are not very flattering.

Mr. Howells was seen by an Inde-

pendent reporter on his return from Cleveland. He informed our representative that he was as much surprised as any one at the unexpected turn of affairs. He stated that when he was told by Senator Payne that the nomination would be given to Mr. Shepley he had ceased to make any further effort in his own behalf, concluding that this was a hopeless case. As to who he would appoint as his deputies Mr. Howells stated that he had not yet made up his mind, but that in all probability Mr. C. N. Oberlin would be given some position.

Sudden Death of Captain Isaac Ulman.

The citizens of Massillon received an unexpected and severe shock in the announcement Monday evening that Captain Isaac Ulman had died suddenly of neuralgia of the heart.

He had been seen at different times during the day in apparent good health attending to the ordinary routine of business. In the evening he left his residences to attend to some small matters of business, and after having attending to this started home about 9 o'clock. He was found near the Conrad House at about this hour apparently suffering greatly. He was assisted to his home, where he died in a few moments. He was conscious to the last moment. The distress of the suddenly afflicted family was heartrending. It seemed almost impossible for them to realize that the kind husband and loving father had been taken from them by the cruel hand of death. The funeral services took place at 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon, at the Presbyterian Church, of which he was an active member. The services were conducted by the Masonic Order assisted by the Knights of Pythias and the G. A. R., and the bar associates of the county.

Captain Isaac Ulman was born in Carroll county, O. June 3, 1831. He studied law under Judge Frap, of that county, and was admitted to the bar in 1859, and served as Clerk of the Court one term. In 1861 he entered the army as Captain of the Eighteenth Regiment, O. V. I., with which he served until 1863, when he was sent home on account of illness from acute rheumatism. After his return he again entered upon the practice of his profession in Carrollton, and remained there until 1872 when he came to Massillon, where he has since resided a respected and honored citizen.

His death leaves a loving wife and three children, a son and two daughters, to mourn their loss.

OBITUARY.

McLAIN.

John E. McLain died at his residence on North Hill street, Massillon, O., on Wednesday evening, March 23, 1886, at the advanced age of seventy-two years.

Mr. J. E. McLain was born in Green county, Penn., July 15, 1814, and is of Scottish descent. His parents were James and Eleanor McLain. In 1820 he accompanied his father to New Lisbon, O. At the age of seven years his father died, and at the age of ten years he commenced the battle of life in his own behalf. At about the age of eighteen he came to Massillon and learned black smithing, which he followed for eight years. In 1836 he engaged in the manufacture of threshing machines in company with Mr. Knapp, with whom he continued until 1849, when they sold out the business. Mr. McLain ran boats on the Ohio canal from Cleveland to Portsmouth for the next three years. For a number of years he was engaged in a variety of employments, and was later employed by Russell & Co. and by the Massillon Iron Company. In 1851 when the Pittsburg Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railroad was constructed, he secured a contract and built two sections. From this he entered the carriage trade. In 1856 he engaged in banking, in which he continued until 1862, when he was made Provost Marshal of Stark county. In 1869, in company with Mr. J. H. Hunt, he started a private bank which was finally merged into the present Union National Bank, of which he has been President since 1875. He was married in 1838 to Eliza Austin. Six children are the result of this union, of whom four are living and, with the exception of Clarence, are residents of this place. His wife died October 13, 1885.

Mr. McLain has been one of Massillon's most energetic and successful business men, and his loss will be greatly felt.

DIELHENN.

Mrs. Catharine Dielhenn, wife of John J. Dielhenn, died at her residence on East Main street, Friday night, March 19, 1886, at the age of 36 years.

Mrs. Dielhenn was a daughter of Harmon and Barbara Shriver, was born January 17, 1850. She was married to Mr. John J. Dielhenn October 21, 1869, at the age of nineteen years. To them were born three sons and one daughter, the eldest being now twelve years of age and the youngest two and a half years. She was a member of the Evangelical Lutheran Church since childhood. She leaves a sorrowing husband and family and a large circle of loving friends.

PIERCE.

Mrs. Elizabeth Pierce died at her residence, in Massillon, Saturday evening, March 20, 1886, at the age of 59 years.

Mrs. Pierce was the daughter of Isaac Borden, and was born in Steuben Co., N. Y., in 1827. In 1845, in Salem, Ohio, she was married to Alfred Pierce, with whom she lived happily the remainder of her life. She was the mother of six children, four of whom survive her, and who, with the aged husband, deeply mourn her loss.

HAMILTON.

Mrs. Elizabeth V. Hamilton, wife of Rev. John Hamilton, died March 20, 1886, at the home of her son, Mr. Luther D. Hamilton, in Parson, Mo. She was seventy-nine years old and leaves a husband in his eighty-fifth year, and six children. Mrs. Daniel Hemperly, a daughter, has been with her for the past five weeks.

John H. Williams.

Although the youngest man, who, for many years has been put in nomination for the responsible position of Mayor of the city of Massillon, Mr. Williams is well and favorably known to the voters of the city. Twice he has been before the electors of this county for legislator, and although defeated he made a brave and manly fight and came off much stronger than on entering the campaign. His strength in the party is indicated by the fact that of the three candidates before the people, each of whom is a strong man, and only went down in a contest in which the strongest would have been defeated, Mr. Williams had sixty-three votes more than his nearest competitor.

In Mr. Williams there is nothing of the meaningless cant that is displayed by many candidates who come from the ranks of the laboring classes. There is a straight forwardness about him that commands the confidence of all with whom he comes in contact. He is not a man that depends on loud talk on the corners to convince people that he is a hard working man, but rolls up his sleeves, and by his actions shows from whence he came.

His ability to plan and execute is well known, and that he will make a good and efficient Mayor his friends are confident.

City Finances.

To the Taxpayers:

It is an old adage among rogues that a lie well stuck to is as good as the truth. Our City Clerk seems to be a believer in this traditional saying. In his report published in your paper of the 19th inst., under the head of expenditures for streets and alleys, which aggregate \$2,679.33, he says in a foot note, "No provisions having been made for the payment of this work the city was compelled to borrow \$2,000." By reference to the levy made on the tax duplicate to cover the expenditures for streets and alleys I find that I am levied, which will not amount to \$2,800 for this express purpose. In addition to this there was levied 2-10 of a mill for Street Commissioner, nothing about \$2,500, which aggregates \$5,300 for expenditures on streets and alleys; and yet we are told that no provision was made for the payment of street and alley expenditures. This may be intended for only a little while, but tax payers would like to have this Council through its Clerk rise and explain. Again, the receipts show that they borrowed the \$2,000 but the statement of the city's indebtedness does not show the item of \$2,000.

Recent nominations for members of City Council would seem to indicate that tax payers do not exclaim, "Well done, good and faithful servants," but one of the old Council having been re-nominated, as much as to say, no bootlers wanted here.

CITIZEN.

Killed on the Railroad.

About 6 o'clock p. m., on Friday evening, Wm. Jones, who resides a few rods east of the fair grounds, met with a horrible death at the first curve on the W. & L. Railroad, east of the water tank at Jones' pond. It is the opinion that if he heard the train at all he supposed it was on the Ft. Wayne track and did not discover his mistake until it was too late for him to get out of its way. Mr. Jones is very fond of trapping, and after supper on the evening of his death left home to set his traps, and, while crossing the W. & L. E. Railroad, was struck by the engine of the 5:10 east-bound passenger train. Although there were only two or three small cuts visible on the body, the internal injuries were terrible. The neck and left collar bone were broken, the left side crushed in and left arm and leg both broken. The fireman saw Mr. Jones running toward the track and rang the bell to warn him of his impending danger, but the warning was too late. The engineer stopped the train and backed up to where the body was lying, and placed it in the baggage car and returned to Orrville. The body was placed on a truck at the depot and soon after it was taken to Boydston's undertaking room and Coroner King, of Apple Creek, notified of the accident.

The funeral took place on Monday forenoon from the M. E. church, Rev. F. S. Wolfe, assisted by Rev. J. M. Shields, officiating. The church was crowded with friends, who deeply sympathize

with the family and mourn his sudden death.

Mr. Jones was aged about 40 years and leaves a wife and three children. He was a light hearted, honest and upright citizen and it is related of him that he never tasted liquor in his life, and refused even when more than three days old.—Orrville Crescent.

MATRIMONIAL.

SCOTT—GARDNER.

March 18, 1886, by Rev. B. F. Booth, at the residence of Hiram Scott, four miles west of Massillon, Mr. Joseph H. Scott, and Miss Ida B. Gardner.

Card of Thanks.

I wish, through this medium, to express my thanks to the kind neighbors and friends who assisted us during the illness and death of my dear companion.

J. J. DIEHLENN.

Don't Give Up Yet.

It doesn't follow that a patient will die because the doctors have "given him up," or that he will recover because they promise to "pull him through." It is never too late to try the great virtues of Parker's Tonic. Mr. Michael Guilfoyle, of Binghamton, N. Y. was cured of rheumatism by it after ten years of unrelenting suffering. Mr. R. W. Mosher, druggist, of same city, certifies that he has sold over a thousand bottles of Parker's Tonic through its reputation for this and other cures. 40-1

WANTED—A good, competent girl. One who understands cooking, washing and ironing. Must have references. Apply to Mrs. GEORGE GOODHART, 3911 214 E. 4th Main Street.

For Rent—Two rooms in the Opera House block. The desirable business room next to Koch & Goodhart, also the office above said room. Will give possession April 1. Inquire of H. H. EVERARD.

HOUSE FOR SALE—House and lot, corner East and North streets, brick building, containing eleven rooms, bath room, a double cellar, and stable for three horses. Possession given 1st of April or May. 35-46. J. KIRKPATRICK.

HOUSE FOR SALE—A new two-story frame house, containing nine rooms, a hall way, and summer kitchen. Good well and eastern, can be used for one or two families. Also on same lot a small frame house located on corner of North Hill street and Spring alley. The owner wishes to sell at once, in order to go West and invest in land. 36-16. C. BORCHERS.

Call and see the new designs in jewelry just received at C. F. Van Kanel's.

For an unlimited time first-class cabinet photographs can be had at L. L. Shortz's for \$2 and \$3 per dozen. 37-17.

You can find the largest assortment in the city of Gents Neckties, Mufflers, Silk Handkerchiefs and Gloves at C. M. Whitman's Clothing House, 11 West Main street.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE YOU CAN GET ONE DOZ. CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS FOR \$2.00 TO \$3.00 per dozen at J. C. HARING'S, Massillon, Ohio. 36-17.

To parties Interested in

FLORIDA

That you may see that the frosts of the past winter have not killed the orange trees and have proved beyond question that the orange culture in Florida is an assured success, the

STRAWBERRIES.

What a Dollar, a Day's Work, and a Bed of Land Will Do in Producing Strawberries.

People living in large cities have during the past few years been supplied with strawberries during two or three months of each season at low rates. In fact, strawberries have been the cheapest fruit on the market. Possibly the recent low prices have had the effect of discouraging growers from planting new fields, and quite likely the price of berries will be higher. Strawberries are generally scarce and high in villages not on the line of any of the great railways. Comparatively few people living in villages and having good vegetable and flower gardens raise strawberries for the supply of their families. A still smaller number of farmers raise strawberries. The reason for not raising this most delicious of all the fruits that can be produced in this latitude are various. Some think that they can not afford the money to buy the plants. Others think that they have not the time to set them out and cultivate them. Still others have an idea that great skill is required to raise strawberries, or that they are luxuries that only wealthy people in cities can afford to eat.

The object of this article is to show how any family can be supplied with strawberries of excellent quality at very small cost of money, time, or land. The method described may not be the best one, but it is one that has been followed by the writer of the article for many years with the most satisfactory results. The amount of land required is one square rod; the number of plants needed to set it is one hundred. These plants can ordinarily be obtained for \$1. This is the only money outlay. The land should be moderately rich field or garden soil. It should be spaded by one who knows how to handle the spade skillfully. It is a good plan to lay out a walk from two to three feet wide entirely around the plot. The plants are to be set in rows eight inches apart each way. A man accustomed to the use of a spade can prepare the soil and make the walks in one hour. About half an hour's time will be required for setting the plants. The plants should be those that sprang from runners last year. The lower and dead leaves should be cut from them by the use of shears. If any of the roots are very long it is best to shorten them with a sharp knife or shears. Holes for the roots can be made with a garden trowel or a hoe.

If the plants are set out the last of April or the first of May they will commence to grow immediately. The cultivation is very simple. It consists in keeping the ground entirely free from grass and weeds by the use of a sharp hoe. All the ground in the bed can be worked with the hoe and the walks cleaned out in half an hour's time each week. As flower-stalks appear they should be cut off before blossoms open. The object of the first year should be to raise plants and not strawberries. If the young plants produce flowers and berries they will make but a small growth. If the flower-stalks are removed the plants will grow to a large size and will occupy nearly half the ground. In July and August runners will appear, and as they do they should be cut or pinched off while they are tender and before they exhaust the strength of the plants. In order to obtain strong plants for setting a bed next year the runners of the outside rows may be allowed to take root on the strip of ground next to the walk. After the young plants have become established the runners connecting them with the parent plants should be cut off. By adopting this course they become self-supporting.

In case there is a drought late in the summer the plants can be kept in a growing condition by covering the ground between the rows with a mulch of green grass or other material that will prevent evaporation and keep the soil cool. On the approach of freezing weather the plants should be covered with straw, held in place by long sticks. Early the next spring this covering should be removed and the soil between the plants loosened by the use of a fork or hoe. At this time a new bed can be formed and set with the plants raised on the edges of the old bed. The bed first set will be in the best condition for producing a large crop of fine berries. Three hundred plants will furnish strawberries for a large family, though they eat them three times a day. If the season is favorable they will also furnish at least a bushel of berries that can be canned or preserved. The crop will not be an expensive one. The entire cost of its production is represented by \$1 worth of plants, one day's work, and the use of one rod of ground. The pleasure the strawberries will afford can not be estimated by money. They will insure good living at a time of the year when luxuries are difficult to obtain on farms.

If land is scarce, as it may be in the case of a village garden, the plants in a bed can be spaded under after they have produced one crop. They will continue, however, to produce fair crops of tolerably good berries for two or three years. But the largest and finest berries are produced on plants that have been set but one year and cultivated in the manner above described. No berries obtained in a city market equal those grown in a garden and picked within an hour of the time they are brought to the table. Strawberries that are to be carried a long distance in a railway car must necessarily be picked before they are fully ripe. They are lacking in the color, taste, and smell of strawberries that have become fully ripe on the vines, and which have not been injured by handling. In picking strawberries from a garden bed for the use of the family only the ripest should be selected. The hull should be left on the stalk, and the berries placed directly in the dish in which they are to be put on the table. A little practice will enable one to gather them as fast in this way as can be done when the hulls are left on the berries.

An item having appeared in a New York paper to the effect that Mr. S. S. Cox, United States minister at Constantinople, had come into possession of a lot of Arabian horses at the expense of the government, Mr. Cox writes to brand the story as an Oriental romance—worthy, he says, of the Oriental story-teller whose horse rose into the air by turning a button on his shoulder.

WIT AND HUMOR.

Policeman—"You have been standing here for an hour. Move on." Absent-minded chess-player—"Bug pardon, sir, it's your move."—Judge.

It is some satisfaction to argue with the man who holds a grab mortgage on your homestead. He is always ready to accept your premises.—*Boston Transcript*.

The most terrible weapon of the American Socialist is his jawbone. He has the same variety of jawbone, too, with which Samson did such execution among the Philistines.—*Kansas City Times*.

Minister—"I am thinking of getting a new chime for the church. What would you recommend?" Parishioner (who lives next door to the sacred edifice)—"A pair of dumb bells."—*Boston Budget*.

A Government witness in a liquor case in the Superior Court yesterday came forward to be sworn. He was so drunk that he was immediately given into the custody of an officer.—*Portland (Me.) Argus*.

An Englishman in Madras has, by a lucky accident, made a photograph of a tiger in the act of seizing his prey. It was only a partial success, however, as he didn't have time to tell the beast to "look pleasant."—*Boston Post*.

"Hello, Jack, where have you been?" "O, been collecting." "Ah! what success?" "Very poor. In fact, I have rummaged this town from one end to the other, and I can't find a man that owes me a cent."—*Harper's Bazaar*.

A vigilance committee of marriageable young ladies was formed in Fremont some time ago to investigate the habits and character of eligible young men and bachelors. The result of these inquiries was recorded alphabetically in books prepared for the purpose and guarded by a muscular secretary.—*Omaha Republican*.

"I say, dad," asked Jimmy Tuffboy, "what is it about this Pan-Electric? What does it mean?" "O, well, my son, it means—why, all the papers are full of it." "That's what I said, but what does it mean?" "It's something about electricity in a pan attached to tel phones, I believe." "Why, dad, you don't know it 'all' do you?"—*Hartford Post*.

Husband (who has just returned from his office)—"Well, Maria, children all well?" "Loving wife—Never better, darling." Husband—"Not a blamed one of 'em sick?" "Loving wife—"I am happy to say no, my dear." Husband—"Thump! Just the way. Here I pay Dr. Peabody \$20 a month to look after the family health 'cause I thought it would be cheaper. And not a darn one of 'em have had even a cold since I made the agreement. Bah!"—*Rambler*.

It is estimated that 99 per cent more deaths are caused by rum in this country than by hydrophobia. And yet they are muzzling dogs and drowning them by hundreds in New York, while rum is permitted to go about seeking whom it may devour. When a man dies from delirium tremens a cry is not raised to muzzie the whisky barrels or dump them into the East River to prevent other persons from falling victims.—*Norristown Herald*.

"Mr. Trialbalance," said Old Hyson to the bookkeeper, "you were away two days last week." "I was, Mr. Hyson; I was summoned suddenly to attend the funeral of my grandmother." "Ah, yes," said the old merchant—"quite right, quite right. Accept my condolences. Did you bury the old lady?" "Yes, sir." "Ah, yes; buried her. I thought from your breath that you had embalmed her." (Loud and long-continued silence.)—*Brooklyn Eagle*.

Lawyer John P. Swazey of Canton was conversing with a Judge of the Supreme Court one morning last week on the subject of religious creeds, and made some emphatic remarks which led the Judge to say: "Hold on, Brother Swazey! you must remember that I am a member of an orthodox church." "I don't care if you are," said Squire Swazey. "I'd give a good deal more for your opinion on a legal question than on a question of theology."—*Leviston (Me.) Journal*.

It looked like rain as Mr. Joblittle started out of the house, and he came back into the room where his wife was. "I thought you had gone down to meet the boys," she said quietly. "I started, my dear, but it looks like rain." "Ain't you going?" "Yes, but I guess I'd better take a waterproof along with me." "Perhaps you had, my love," she said ironically; "and, dear, don't you think you had better take a whisky-proof along?" Job little declared that the proof was against him.—*Merchants Traveler*.

"You are charged with playing a flute by an open window at midnight, to the annoyance of your neighbor," said the magistrate. "Guilty or not, guilty?" "Guilty." "Five dollars fine." "But, your Honor," protested the neighbor who had preferred the charge, "considering the circumstances, the fine seems insufficient. He played over and over again. We were very wide awake, the Moon and I." "O! Fifty dollars fine."—*New York Sun*.

De Jones—"I wonder why Miss Biggles married Sniffins instead of Boozey?" "They were certainly engaged." "Podgrass—"Yes, I know, but Boozey wanted to break the engagement off long ago and was afraid to, so he sent Sniffins to break it to her. He fell in love with her and married her." De Jones—"Ah, I see! Failing to get the one she wanted, she thought she would a proxy mate!" (They haven't spoken since.)—*Rambler*.

Andrew Harmon was a well-known Maine soldier. He fought as well as he could and came out of the service broken down, and is now a pensioner. He came to the post-office one day with an ordinary letter covered with six or eight postage stamps. "Why, Andr-w!" exclaimed the Postmaster, "you don't need all these stamps. One is enough." "You mind your business," said Andrew. "The Government has used me well and I'm going to use the Government well."—*Leviston Journal*.

A few evenings ago, on finishing his supper, Col. Yorgor said to the cook as she cleared off the table: "That was a splendidly cooked steak, Matilda. Why don't you give me something of this kind every evening?" "Because de culled gotman what am payin' me ton-

shun don't stay away ebory ebenin'. But steak was cooked for Jim Webster, but de low-down, wulless cuss saunt me word he warn't comin', so you got away wid his steak, and I so glad ob it." "So am I," responded Col. Yorgor.—*Texas Siftings*.

A man who had never seen the inside of a law court until he was recently introduced as a witness in a case pending in one of the Scottish courts, on being sworn took a position with his back to the jury, and began telling his story to the Judge. The Judge, in a bland and courteous manner, said: "Address yourself to the jury, sir." The man made a short pause, but, not comprehending what was said to him, forthwith continued his narrative. The Judge was then more explicit, and said to him: "Speak to the jury, sir—the men sitting behind you on the benches." The witness at once turned around, and, making an awkward bow, said, with great gravity: "Good morning, gentlemen!"

The Rev. Dr. S., who is a prominent divine in a city not far from New York, has been spending a few days—not in this weather on an island on the Maine coast, and, intending to depart on a certain morning, he started for the boat in company with a friend. A police-towhee with the doctor's valise. Arriving at the wharf they found that the boat had gone before the advertised time. Not aware of the clerical character of the company, the porters swore several shockin' oaths in quick succession. "What do you think of that, doctor?" asked his friend. "Well," said the doctor, slowly and impressively, "there are times when the services of a layman are indispensable."—*Boston Record*.

Interesting to Sportsmen.

In 1880 we organized a Roman Chariot Racing company, and fulfilled quite a number of engagements, and the following spring, 1881, we gathered together eight horses that could run a half mile under the saddle, with weight up, in from 58 seconds to 1:04, and as the color, size, and general appearance, as well as speed, had to be considered, we found that we had taken no small task. However four bay horses and the same number of gray ones were gotten together and put into condition for a campaign through the eastern country. We expected to be able to do a half mile in 1:06.

We were, happily, surprised to find that we had run the first heat in 1:02, and as the meeting progressed our horses steadily improved, their official time being 58 1/2 seconds, both teams passing under the wire at the same time, head and head, making almost a dead heat. Many thought that the bay team could have gone faster, and speculation was rife as to how fast that team could run in four-in-hand harness. Arrangements were made for a public trial and pools sold, speculators laying 2 to 1 on 57 against the team, and 100 to nothing on 56. The team started, pulling a 550-pound chariot and a 150-pound man, and finished the heat, half-mile, in 55 1/2 seconds with the greatest ease. None of these horses had ever shown their ability to run a mile so fast by several seconds under saddle. We next appeared in Michigan, where the teams scored a dead heat in 56 seconds, and no heat was run slower than 58 seconds during the meeting. The following week the intelligent ones dropped a few hundred, backing 56 seconds against the teams, the time being 55 seconds. A slow track at Cincinnati prevented a reduction of the record, but at Pittsburg, the following week, on the occasion of the great Maud S.'s wonderful, and at the same time unequalled 2:10, these teams actually ran a half-mile as officially timed in 54 seconds.

At Chicago 54 1/2 seconds was the best shown at the meeting. Passing them over a period of three months, during which these teams ran forty-nine heats in 58 seconds or better, and on Nov. 10, at Columbia, S. C., they actually ran three-quarters of a mile in the remarkable time of 1 minute and 21 seconds. When the fast time is taken into consideration, that these horses were only half-bred, and none of them being able to go a half-mile in less than 58 seconds, under the saddle, it must be admitted that the vast amount of speed shown and obtained during this long campaign must be attributed to the way of going. The weight being entirely removed from the back accounts for the great rate of speed attained by these slow horses. Such has been our experience that there is no doubt in our minds about a horse being able to run faster and stay longer in harness than to saddle.

We are of the opinion that a first-class horse—say a race-horse that can go a mile under saddle in 1:43 or 1:44—could as easily go over the same distance with no greater effort in 1:40 or better. We might go still further and argue in support of this proposition that by breaking thoroughbreds to harness, giving them a great share of this preparatory work in harness, would not only save the legs of the youngsters and cripples, but would transfer their handling to the hands of men of mature judgment and experience. In the foregoing article we have endeavored to show that the speed of the runner has not, nor, in our opinion, ever will be fully developed until the breeder and trainer fully recognize the importance of harness work for thoroughbreds.—*Sportsman*.

How Women Temper Justice.

"It is a singular fact," said Mayor's Clerk McCarley, "but nevertheless true, that nine out of every ten women who have their husbands arrested, or make information against them for cruelty, either withdraw the charge or pay the fine. Only last week we had a case of a man who was habitually drunk and known as a wife-beater. The wife brought the suit and then wanted to withdraw it, but was not allowed to do so, as some of the neighbors told us that it would be a blessing if the man was sent to the work-house. The man was fined \$10 and costs, or thirty days. Now after that woman and a number of neighbors had testified to the many acts of cruelty the dutiful wife paid the fine. She had not a cut in the world, but said when she paid over the money that she had borrowed it from fourteen of her neighbors, in one case getting only 20 cents. There were tears in her eyes, but I don't know what caused them.

They might have been shed on account of paying with the money, and it might be she was sorry her husband was going home with her. There's no telling what a woman will do."

At the Central station a few niches ago a woman had her husband locked up for beatin' her. She followed the officers, and when the iron doors closed with a bang she changed count ten, and begged pitifully that he be allowed to go home with her. Her cries were not heeded. At the bar the next morning she was present, and the payment of a \$10 fine for the man that had been locked up for beating her as much as a new toy does a child. The police officers are always very careful about arrestin' a man who is come behind by his wife, for the woman will seldom appear against him.

"Never interfere in a family quarrel," said an old officer. "The only time I was ever beaten was through trying to save a woman from being beaten by her husband. It was on the South side. I was passing along the street and heard the shrieks of a woman. In a yard in the rear of a house was a big Irishman beating his wife. I jumped over the fence and dragged the man off and handled him pretty roughly, as he fought me. As soon as the woman realized that her husband was in the clutches of an officer she came at me, and between both man and woman I was badly beaten and my uniform ruined. Never interfere in a family quarrel until it is reasonably certain that one of the parties is too far gone to fight you."

Once in a long while the usual order of things will be changed, as it was on the South side on Monday. A woman named Mace was arrested at the instance of her husband, who said she was continually drunk and that he could do nothing with her. The man begged Ald. Finch to give his wife a long term, as she would get good and sober. At the bar the man told how his wife got drunk and abused him. So the alderman gave her thirty days to the workhouse. Mace departed pretty well satisfied, but a couple of hours later returned and begged for the release of his wife. It was too late, however, and nothing could be done, for she had been received at Claremont.—*Pittsburg Times*.

He Had Consulted His Directors.

A large proportion of the cotton-mill property in Spindleville is, as everybody knows, in the hands of the Haughton family, who got it through the marriage of one of the daughters of the family to the man who started the mill business there. When he died the property, through a series of perfectly natural steps, passed into the control of the Haughtons. Daniel Haughton, the head of the family, was a man of great natural shrewdness and strength of character. His two brothers, Jacob and Jehiel, were always associated with him; but while his business proceedings were understood to be with their advice and consent, Daniel always held a sort of veto power over his brothers, and nothing was ever passed over his veto. He is dead now, but the story of the way in which he used to "consult his directors" is still told in Spindleville.

One day a cotton-broker called at the office of the mill of which Haughton was treasurer, and offered him a big lot of cotton at a certain price.

"This is so large a contract," said Haughton, "that I really ought to consult my directors about it. They're in side, and I'll just step in and consult them."

Jacob and Jehiel were in the inner office. Daniel went in and explained the proposition to them and said: "Well, Brother Jacob, do you think we had better buy that cotton?"

"No, I don't think we had Brother Daniel; not at that price."

"Well, Brother Jehiel, what do you think we had better do about it?"

"I shouldn't buy it, Brother Daniel, not by any means."

"Oom!" said Daniel.

Haughton went back to the outer office, where the cotton-broker was waiting.

"Well, sir," said he to the man, "I've consulted my directors, and I'll take that cotton at the price you named!"

There is a story of a similar touch of nature in the case of the senior partner of the cotton-mill at, call it Booby, Conn. After his death one of the executors found it necessary to consult some of the directors. He accordingly asked Mr. Parks what action the board of directors were accustomed to take under certain circumstances.

"I do not know," said the director.

"Why, yes," said the puzzled lawyer. "You must be able to tell me something. A director for many years, you of course attended the meetings and assisted in the proceedings."

Growing momentarily more embarrassed, the director leaned forward at last and frankly explained: "All true; I ought to know, but the fact is I usually got notice of a directors' meeting the day after it had taken place!"

Where Gough First Signed the Pledge.

It was in the old town hall, now the city hall. It was on Monday night, stormy and uninviting out of doors. As he walked down the center aisle all eyes were turned upon him. How well many remember that pale, haggard face, the long, flowing unkempt hair of raven blackness, which Gough nervously pushed back from his forehead as he entered the meeting. His coat was buttoned at the top only. A crowd of those who had laughed at his Bacchanalian son's his wonderful powers of mimicry, and his grotesque dancing had followed him into the meeting. As he nervously fixed his signature to the pledge a half-suppressed, sneering laugh was heard by these in the rear of the hall. Gough heard it also, and as he laid down the pen he turned suddenly upon those assembled with "Why do you laugh? Am I not a man?" The meeting was silent in an instant, and then followed one of those impassioned temperance addresses which in after years made him foremost among the most effective workers of the temperance cause. In all his after life he never moved an audience more than in this, his first temperance address. Tears were brought to the eyes of all, and it was a sight never to be forgotten by those who witnessed the scene.—*Worcester Spy*.

Unconscious Counting.

It has always formed part of the professional conjurer's education to acquire the power of making instant mental note of many objects. The author of an ingenious article in the *Gardeners' Magazine*, suggests the idea that the ability possessed by most people, of distinguishing from three to five objects at a glance, may be so perfected that the mind will find it possible to take note of at least thirty articles in the same length of time.

Indeed, a well-known arithmetician, Dase, who died in 1861, declared that he could count thirty objects of the same kind as easily as other people could count three or four.

The truth of this assertion was often proved when the arithmetician, with lightning rapidity, gave the correct number of a herd of sheep, of the books in a library, or the window-panes in a large house.

Apart from the usefulness of this acquired power, the method of teaching it may be found very amusing as a game.

The test of one's ability in counting may easily be made by placing several small objects, such as pins or coins, under a sheet of paper, then lifting the paper so that one may glance at the articles, and give an immediate guess as to their number.

At first the eye finds it possible to distinguish only three or four objects, but practice soon enables it to make up any under ten with the same facility. At a number the process becomes more difficult. Conscious counting should be avoided; the articles should merely be valued.

To perfect one's self in this practice, black spots may be made, forming various geometrical figures, upon squares of white cardboard, the number being gradually increased, and the position altered.

It is also found advisable to open a book at random, give a part of the page, and guess at the number of lines left visible. Unconscious counting, though difficult at first, thus becomes purely mechanical.

Here Preyer, the advocate of the system, says the sensation of a person practised in unconscious counting, when looking intently at large numbers of objects, is that their number shoots rapidly through the head.—*Youth's Companion*.

Senators in Demand.

The card man at the senate reception-room tells me that Senator Gorman has about ten times as many callers as any other man, and tries to see them all. Mr. Ingalls comes next, because he is the chairman of the district committee. But he invariably sends out word that he will be in his counting-room at the close of the session. Gen. Logan gets a great many cards, and always tries to see every body. He spends a great deal of his time in the marble room. Senator Voorhees is also much sought after, particularly by district people, and he answers every call. Father, of South Carolina, and Blackburn receive calls from more ladies than any of the other senators, having the reputation of taking an interest in the welfare of the weaker sex. Senator Blair is sought after by all the cranks that come to Washington, and is usually called for by old ladies and short-haired maidens of uncertain age and old-fashioned garments. The cranks are also after Van Wyck a good deal. Mahone will not receive a card. He has given orders that none shall be brought to him under any circumstances at any time, and has instructed the doorkeepers to tell everybody that wants to see him to go up to his committee-room and wait. Every afternoon he holds a levee there, taking his visitors in rotation.—*Washington Capital*.

College Education.

The discussion over the election of a president for Yale college to succeed President Porter, who has resigned, has given the alumni of that college an opportunity to urge the election of a president, who will take a broad and practical view of education in that institution. The fact is that too many of our colleges educate our sons so that they turn out nobodies. Even the valedictorians cannot make a good living. And if a boy's education does not fit him for the practical duties of life, what on earth is it good for?

The world asks a young man what he can do, not what he knows. Workers are demanded, not Greek and Latin speaking parrots. And when it comes to earning his bread and butter by doing something that the world wants done enough to pay for it, the college boy is too often confronted by the startling fact that his Greek and Latin and higher mathematics are not the slightest help to him in either securing a situation or making a living. If he had learned German, or French, or engineering, or surveying, or mining, or banking, or indeed any mechanical pursuit, he would stand some show to get on in the world.

As he walks the streets of the busy city this college graduate, wondering what he can do, and knowing that he can do nothing that other young men are doing who have educated themselves in the world's practical school, he comes to the conclusion that somehow he was educated for quite another world than the one he is to live in and struggle in, not only for success, but often for a living. No wonder, after the bitter-experience of educating himself in all that has made his success in after years possible that this same young man, now grown to manhood, looks back at his college education, as much as he can recollect of it, as the poorest kind of education for practical life he could have had. It was the education fit, perhaps, for a drone in the world's hive, but not that education certainly with which to equip a man who is to strive in the great "struggle for the survival of the fittest." It is such college graduates—and the country is full of them, more unsuccessful, too, than successful—who look back upon their college education as four years studiously spent in fitting themselves for nothing practical in this work-a-day world.—*Philadelphia Call*.

Pale young celery and eucalyptus are the names of two new tints of green. The former is almost like the pretty linden green; the latter is a very soft sea green.

Red Star
TRADE MARK
Cough Cure
Absolutely
Free from Opium, Emetics and Poison.
SAFE. SURE. PROMPT.
25 Cts.
THE CHAS. A. TUCKER CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

St. Jacobs Oil
TRADE MARK
THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
For Pain
Rheumatism, Neuralgia,
Sciatica, Headache, Toothache,
Sprains, Bruises, etc., etc.
Solely Prepared by
THE CHAS. A. TUCKER CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

NO MORE RHEUMATISM
Washburne's Salicylica
TRADE MARK
SURE CURE.
Immediate Relief—Permanent Cure.
THE GREAT INTERNAL RHEUMATISM REMEDY, and only positive cure for Acute or Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, etc., etc. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the blood, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the joints. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the muscles, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the bones. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the skin, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the hair. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the nails, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the teeth. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the eyes, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the ears. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the nose, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the throat. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the lungs, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the stomach. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the intestines, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the bladder. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the uterus, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the vagina. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the prostate, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the testicles. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the penis, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the scrotum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the anus, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the rectum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the sigmoid, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the colon. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the small intestine, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the large intestine. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the stomach, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the duodenum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the pancreas, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the gallbladder. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the liver, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the spleen. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the heart, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the lungs. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the kidneys, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the bladder. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the ureters, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the urethra. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the penis, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the scrotum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the anus, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the rectum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the sigmoid, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the colon. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the small intestine, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the large intestine. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the stomach, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the duodenum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the pancreas, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the gallbladder. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the liver, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the spleen. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the heart, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the lungs. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the kidneys, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the bladder. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the ureters, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the urethra. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the penis, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the scrotum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the anus, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the rectum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the sigmoid, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the colon. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the small intestine, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the large intestine. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the stomach, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the duodenum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the pancreas, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the gallbladder. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the liver, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the spleen. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the heart, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the lungs. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the kidneys, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the bladder. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the ureters, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the urethra. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the penis, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the scrotum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the anus, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the rectum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the sigmoid, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the colon. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the small intestine, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the large intestine. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the stomach, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the duodenum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the pancreas, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the gallbladder. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the liver, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the spleen. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the heart, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the lungs. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the kidneys, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the bladder. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the ureters, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the urethra. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the penis, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the scrotum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the anus, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the rectum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the sigmoid, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the colon. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the small intestine, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the large intestine. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the stomach, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the duodenum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the pancreas, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the gallbladder. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the liver, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the spleen. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the heart, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the lungs. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the kidneys, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the bladder. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the ureters, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the urethra. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the penis, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the scrotum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the anus, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the rectum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the sigmoid, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the colon. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the small intestine, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the large intestine. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the stomach, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the duodenum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the pancreas, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the gallbladder. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the liver, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the spleen. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the heart, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the lungs. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the kidneys, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the bladder. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the ureters, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the urethra. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the penis, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the scrotum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the anus, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the rectum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the sigmoid, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the colon. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the small intestine, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the large intestine. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the stomach, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the duodenum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the pancreas, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the gallbladder. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the liver, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the spleen. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the heart, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the lungs. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the kidneys, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the bladder. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the ureters, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the urethra. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the penis, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the scrotum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the anus, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the rectum. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the sigmoid, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the colon. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the small intestine, and is the only remedy that cures the disease in the large intestine. It is the only remedy that cures the disease in the stomach, and is the only remedy that

